

# Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 24.

VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1896.

N. 42.

## What We Have...

IN OUR STORE WILL INTEREST  
EVERYBODY THAT APPRECIATES  
MODERN NOVELTIES IN SILVER-  
WARE, JEWELLERY, ETC., ETC.

Challoner, Mitchell & Co.'s

THE JEWELLERS, 47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

## The Westside.

ARE HERE!

At last, per parcel post this a.m., 15 days  
from Europe.

## CAPE!

Golf Capes,  
Plush Capes,  
Tweed Capes,  
Fur-Lined Capes,  
Dressy Pattern Capes.

Many patient waiters will be interested in  
this. You have a want here—  
better fill it early.

WATERPROOFS and UMBRELSAS.  
J. HUTCHESON & CO.

## NO CUT

That is where you are mistaken, for our  
stock is full of them. The flour market is  
advancing; we have some bought before  
the rise that we offer at less than cost to  
lay down.  
First prize Butter at Cowichan Show,  
made by Mrs. Edgson, received every week.  
Delta and Cowichan Butter per lb. .35  
3 tins Beans .25  
3 tins Corn .25  
3 tins Peas .25  
3 tins Tomatoes .25  
6 tins, assorted .45  
Extra fine Port, per bottle .50  
Morgan's Oysters always fresh and reliable.

Dixie H. Ross & Co. Government Street.

## To the Public

We, the undersigned, Merchant Tailors of the City of  
Victoria, do hereby declare that we never have and do  
not now employ Chinese or Japanese labor in any capacity  
in the manufacture of garments, or in any capacity what-  
soever in connection with our business.

This statement is rendered necessary in view of the fact  
that certain interested persons are circulating false state-  
ments to the effect that the white Merchant Tailors of  
the City are employing Chinese and Japanese labor in the  
manufacture of garments. Such assertions, when touching any of the undersigned  
Merchant Tailors, are absolutely false in every particular.

WALTER D. KINNAIRD, A. GREGG & SON,  
J. T. BURROWS, CAMPBELL & CO.,  
THOMAS BROS & GRANT, T. W. WALKER & CO.,  
GREIGHTON & CO., E. J. MATTHEWS,  
J. McCORKALL, SPRINKLING BROS.,  
R. ROBERTS.

## Trail Creek Mines

### SPECIAL.

We have had placed in our hands for im-  
mediate sale in blocks of not less than  
1000 shares the following stocks, which  
we unhesitatingly recommend as safe and  
sure investments:  
25,000 Lilly May (Treasury) at.....15c.  
10,000 Commander (Treasury) at.....25c.  
5,000 Novelty (Treasury) at.....10c.  
5,000 Celtic Queen (Treasury) at.....10c.  
10,000 Rossland Red Mountain at.....30c.  
All other reliable stocks at lowest mar-  
ket prices on application.

### H. CUTHBERT & CO'Y.

MINING BROKERS.

#### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BARGAIN—Furniture of a house for sale,  
cheap for cash; includes every requisite  
for housekeeping. E. M. Times office.  
Oct 19-41

WANTED—A young girl for light house  
work and care of children. Apply 144  
Menzie's street. Oct 19-41

LOST on the 18th, a silver mounted  
essence bottle between 18 Toronto street  
and Government street. Reward at  
above address. Oct 19-41

SHINGLES FOR SALE—Mann, Holland &  
Co., Broad street, opposite the Strand.  
Oct 19-41

FOR SALE—The coal rights of 307 acres on  
Pender Island. The land for sale in various  
or on bloc. H. J. Robertson, Times office.

#### Quatsino Settlement.

Settlers coming to Quatsino will find ac-  
commodation in Winter Harbor while wait-  
ing about them. Communication to all  
parts of the Sound. Any information re-  
quired will be cheerfully given by the old-  
est settler.  
J. LEESON,  
Winter Harbor, Quatsino.

#### GRAND RE-OPENING

#### Russ House Saloon.

Under charge of James Malchuk, the well  
known bartender, on MONDAY, OCTO-  
BER 19th. None but the best liquors will  
be kept in stock. The proprietor, N.  
CONDORGEORGE, extends a general in-  
vitation to his friends and the public  
generally to call and see him.

#### Wellington Coal Yard.

(ESTABLISHED 1883.)

Until further notice we will sell the old  
reliable Wellington Coal at

55.00 PER TON

Delivered to any part of the city. All or-  
ders must be accompanied by the cash.

RATHAY & HALL,  
100 Government street, 24 Store street.

#### Dancing Class

Opens to-night at M. C. Wynn's Dancing  
Academy, Alhambra Hall, Yates Street.  
Dancing classes Monday and Thursday  
evening. Social on Wednesday even-  
ing. Music by the Mandolin Club.  
Admission to social, seats 25 cents; ladies  
free. Oct 19-41

#### AUCTION

I am instructed by Mr. Lehman to sell  
at his residence,

COR. RICHMOND AVE. AND LEIGHTON  
ROAD, on

Wednesday, Oct. 21st, at 2 p.m.

—VALUABLE—

#### FURNITURE, ORGAN, ETC., ETC.

Including upholstered and rattan chairs,  
sofas, oak chairs, leather seat and back,  
sideboard, dining extension table, in-  
stand, bed sets, mattresses, Brussels  
and tapestry carpets, squares and rugs, Ho-  
loin, dinner and tea sets, stair carpet, No.  
6 oak stove with hot water connection,  
etc.  
Residence to let. Take Fort Street car.  
Oct 19 WM. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

#### ROYAL WEDDING.

Prince of Naples and His Plance Leave  
for Italy.

Cettigne, Montenegro, Oct. 19.—The Crown  
Prince of Naples and Princess Helen of  
Montenegro started for Italy to-day ac-  
companied by prominent members of the  
Montenegro family, who will be present at  
their marriage. The route to the station  
was lined by soldiers. A royal salute was  
fired and the Prince and Princess were en-  
thusiastically cheered.

#### AMERICAN DISPATCHES.

Snow Falls in New York State Yester-  
day and To-Day.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Snow  
fell throughout St. Lawrence county  
yesterday to the depth of several inches.

Rome, N. Y., Oct. 19.—The first snow  
storm in this section occurred this  
morning.

New York, Oct. 19.—A dispatch from  
Washington announces the death of W.  
A. Richardson, chief justice of the court  
of claims, formerly secretary of the treasury.

#### TOLD BY CABLE.

Emperor William of Germany Pays a  
Visit to the Coast.

Darmstadt, Oct. 19.—Emperor Wil-  
liam of Germany arrived here this after-  
noon on a visit to the coast.

Edinburgh, Oct. 19.—A dispatch from  
Cairnmore, Kirkcubrightshire, announ-  
ces that the Duke and Duchess of Bed-  
ford, while out driving this morning,  
were thrown out of their carriage and  
seriously injured.

## BY RAIN AND WAVE

Town of Altata on Gulf of Cali-  
fornia Wiped Out of  
Existence.

Big Surprise to the Crew of a  
Coasting Steamer When  
They Arrived.

Mines Flooded and Considerable  
Damage Done Throughout  
the Country.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 19.—On the  
last trip of the Pacific Coast Steamer  
Company's steamer Olintha up the Gulf  
of California, the officers and crew of  
the vessel were surprised to find one of  
the ports they make regular calls at  
wiped off the face of the earth. When  
the ship reached the mouth of the river  
Cullacah in the state of Sinaloa, the lit-  
tle mining town of Altata, which stood  
there on the Orizaba's last trip, was  
gone, not a building being left standing.  
This was one of the results of the ter-  
rible storm which played havoc on the  
Mainland coast of the Gulf on Septem-  
ber 17 and 18. The Orizaba had just  
brought the first details which give a  
comprehensive idea of the extent of  
damage done. The storm was a sort of  
composite affair, of the nature of a tidal  
wave and cloud burst. Torrents rushed  
down from the hills back of Altata  
and met the tidal wave carried in front  
by the sea and the town was obliterated.  
Many mines located inland from the  
coast were flooded by the cloud  
burst. Fortunately the loss of life was  
slight and the Altatans are now camped  
in tents or rudely constructed huts a lit-  
tle back from where the town stood.  
Viewing the former site of Altata from  
the Gulf the most striking objects that  
met the view are the spars of the  
schooners Cometa and Rebecca and the  
German barkentine Helena, which were  
beached by the great wave.

At Mazatlan, further up the Gulf,  
the most remarkable result of the storm  
is observed. In the middle of Main  
street, more than a block from  
the water's edge, sits a schooner on even  
keel. She rode in on the tidal wave  
and when it receded it left her high and  
dry. Mazatlan stood the storm fairly  
well, but much damage was done. Four  
German barks, which were so fortunate  
as to be well off land, weathered the  
storm in the Gulf outside. They made  
port two days after the fury of the ele-  
ments had subsided, minus all canvas.  
The San Vicente mine, situated a mile  
to the rear of Mazatlan, was flooded to  
the surface by the cloudburst. So far  
as Altata is concerned, it is no new  
thing to find itself off the map. This is  
the third time the town has been de-  
stroyed up by the sea. Twice the place  
has been rebuilt, each time a point fur-  
ther up the Cullacah river. This time  
the residents will build in from the coast.

Wheat has gone up  
The boom continues in Amer-  
ican and European  
cities.

Unprecedented jumps in the prices  
at Chicago, New York and  
Liverpool.

New York, Oct. 19.—Wheat made a  
perpendicular advance of 4½ cents a  
bushel this morning, following the stu-  
pendous jump of 6 cents at Liverpool  
and the general speculative excitement  
throughout the whole of Europe. The  
bull movement was accompanied by in-  
tense local excitement and heavy trad-  
ing during the first few minutes. Buy-  
ing orders of course predominated. Even  
the bulls themselves were amazed at the  
extent of the advance, which has not  
been equalled in years.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Wheat made a re-  
cord-breaking jump to-day. December  
option, which closed Saturday 75½,  
opened this morning at 78½ to 79½,  
stepping at the latter figure. The wildest  
excitement characterized the trad-  
ing. There was talk of possible fail-  
ures as a result of the unparalleled ad-  
vance after a momentary reaction to 79.  
December wheat soon went beyond the  
top figures at the opening, touching as  
high as 79½, several times within the  
first 15 minutes.

Shortly after 10 a.m. the price receded  
to 78½, but at that point the market  
whirled sharply upward again and with-  
in a few minutes advanced a full cent  
to 79½. During the frenzy of the open-  
ing, several trades were made as high  
as 79½ while at the same moment in ot-  
her parts of the pit there was a differ-  
ence in figures, ranging all the way to 78½.  
About 10:30 the price was 78½ for De-  
cember. At this point another cent a  
bushel advance was recorded with amaz-  
ing rapidity. Almost before the blink  
could place the figures on the tape in  
the brokers' offices quotations leaped to  
79½. Before 11 o'clock it witnessed a  
notable example of whipsaw. From  
79½ the market fell as rapidly as it  
had risen dropping a cent almost in a  
straight line to 78½. Scattering sales  
were made at 78½ and when the market  
once more rebounded, the ruling price  
at 11 a.m. being 79 cents for December.

The advance was due to Liverpool  
cables, which reported the market ex-  
cited and from 3½ to 5d. higher, equi-  
valent to an advance of four to six  
cents. No such jump has been experi-  
enced in that market for years. In the

## FROM THE CAPITAL

Manitoba Delegates Leave for Home  
After Settling the School  
Question.

Hon. Mr. Tarte and Chief Engineer  
Coste Leave for the Coast  
To-Morrow.

Big Delegations Wait on Govern-  
ment and Ask Aid for Inter-  
provincial Bridge.

## THE LAWRENCE CASE

Captain MacCallum Arrested for  
Libel and House Breaking  
but Released on Bail.

Cases Adjourned Until Wednesday  
—Particulars of Negotiations  
Between the Two.

J. A. Lawrence was released on Satur-  
day evening, Mr. M. King having gone  
to bail in \$5000. Yesterday the second  
chapter of the case was introduced by  
the arrest of Captain MacCallum at his  
residence at Colwood. The arrest was  
made by one of the city police, and  
Capt. MacCallum was brought to the  
city. His liberty was denied him but  
a short while, for bail was accepted in  
the sum of \$2000, himself in \$1000, and  
Senator MacDonald for the other thousand.

Both Capt. MacCallum and Mr. Law-  
rence appeared in the city police court  
this morning and their cases were re-  
manded until Wednesday. Messrs. Hun-  
ter, Duif & Oliver are looking after the  
captain's interests. There are two  
charges against Capt. MacCallum, one  
of unlawfully and wilfully damaging  
furniture at the residence of Mr. Law-  
rence to the extent of \$200, and the  
other charge is that on August 29th  
he threatened to libel Mr. Lawrence for  
the purpose of extorting money.

The alleged libel is described in the  
sworn statement upon which the war-  
rant for Capt. MacCallum's arrest was  
issued. It is to the effect that Capt.  
MacCallum stated that Lawrence pro-  
claimed that Salder brothers, John Dal-  
by and himself owned the Wanderer,  
Kato, Hope, Edith and Stanley claims  
at Goldstream.

Mr. Lawrence is charged with making the further state-  
ment that he owned a half interest in  
these claims and that he could buy the  
other's interests for \$1500. He was  
willing to sell MacCallum a quarter in-  
terest for \$1500, keeping the other quar-  
ter as payment for negotiating the deal.  
Capt. MacCallum agreed to this. Af-  
terwards Lawrence came to the captain  
and told him that the other men's shares  
cost him \$2750. Lawrence was willing  
to assume \$500 of this, leaving a bal-  
ance of \$2250 for the captain to pay.  
It is also claimed that Lawrence stated  
that he had not only got high assays  
from the claims but had a mill test of  
800 pounds of ore which yielded \$64.95  
in gold. MacCallum agreed to pur-  
chase a quarter interest and paid Law-  
rence the \$2250 in the amounts specified  
in the warrant. MacCallum further  
states that he learned that Lawrence did  
not pay out \$2750 for the half interest,  
but had purchased a three-quarter inter-  
est for \$500. He also alleges that the  
\$64.95 from a mill test was according  
to Lawrence in a round button, but what  
the latter did actually exhibit was a  
square ingot of gold from the Ophir  
claim, owned by Capt. MacCallum. This  
ingot was given him by the captain in  
order to assist in selling the Ophir claim  
to Lawrence. The captain also affirms  
that Lawrence gave W. E. Dickinson  
a piece of rich free-milling gold, worth  
as a sample of Stanley mine ore, when  
it really was from the Ophir mine.

All this Mr. Lawrence swears is libel-  
ous, hence the captain's arrest.  
The attorney-general's department ex-  
plain their connection with the case by  
stating that their attention had been  
drawn to the case by a report that an  
assay certificate issued by the govern-  
ment assayer was being used with in-  
tent to defraud.

#### LUCKY CALIFORNIA.

Her Fruit, Like Her Wheat, is Benefit-  
ing From a Boom.

San Francisco, Oct. 19.—Nearly as  
much money is being made in dried  
fruit as in wheat. The advance in the  
fruit market is as great as the other, and  
rumors are being realized by the happy  
holders. A deficiency in the supply is  
the cause. A shortage was anticipated  
by the local jobbers, but the amount  
on hand is even less than they expected.  
The market for dried fruit is very  
active. Berries were in great demand  
in the restricted deficiency. They showed  
no disposition to move, and the result is  
that they have had to pay higher for  
the fruit, to the profit of the California  
producers. Since then there has been a  
rush of a large portion of this class of  
crops to obtain supplies. Meanwhile  
the stocks have been materially reduced,  
and when the dealers of the middle  
states, who are holding off until after the  
election, come to purchase, the in-  
crease in price will be still higher. For  
California dried fruit left to move, and  
it will command even higher figures.

#### COMPLETED THEIR WORK.

Venezuelan Boundary Commission Ex-  
perts to Start for Home.

The Hague, Holland, Oct. 19.—Prof-  
Bur and Dr. Kaan, experts of the Uni-  
ted States Venezuelan commission who  
have been in Europe some time past  
studying the archives of London, Mad-  
rid and the Hague for the purpose of as-  
sisting the commission in its investiga-  
tions of the boundary dispute between  
Venezuela and Great Britain, have  
completed their work. They will start  
for New York from Liverpool on  
Wednesday next by the White Star line  
steamship Teutonic. Dr. Kaan will  
leave Rotterdam this week.

#### LOS ANGELES SCORCHED.

Hundred Thousand Dollar Fire in the  
Southern City.

Los Angeles, Oct. 19.—A large fire  
in this city late last night. The Pow-  
er Paper Box Factory was demolished and  
for the fire was subdued. It is estimated  
that \$100,000 worth of property was con-  
sumed.

#### HEAD END COLLISION.

On the Southern Pacific Railway in  
Texas.

Ogden, Tex., Oct. 19.—This morning  
head end collision occurred at Little Oc-  
den. Between five and six miles north  
of this place on the Southern Pacific  
line, a passenger train from Dallas, was  
collided with a freight train from  
Houston, and the engines of both trains  
sustained fractures of both thigh bones.



## HENRY ABBEY DEAD

The Well Known Theatrical Manager  
Falls Away in New York  
on Saturday.

He Handled Many of the Big  
Attractions That Came to  
America.

New York, Oct. 19.—Henry E. Abbey, of the theatrical firm of Abbey, Schofield & Grau died Saturday morning in his apartment at the Osborne, of hemorrhage of the stomach. He was 50 years of age. His wife, Mrs. Abbey, who was his daughter, and his mother, Mrs. Abbey, were with him at the time of his death. He had been ill for some time. Several months ago his condition was said to be serious, but after that he came back to his old vigor. He died at 10 o'clock Friday afternoon, and from that time he grew steadily worse until he died.

Mr. Abbey was born in Akron, O., in 1846. He succeeded in 1871 in establishing a city business there. In 1880 he became manager of the summer opera house in Akron. A year later he moved to New York. He first managed the Worrell sisters, then Edwin Adams, and later he was manager of Edwin Booth and Lotie. With Booth he is said to have made much money.

In 1878 Abbey assumed control of the Academy of Music in Buffalo and took as a partner John B. Schofield, whom he made manager. A year later they acquired possession of the Park theatre in this city. On October 30, 1882, he broke out in the theatre and spoiled Mrs. Langtry's American debut.

The firm of Abbey & Schofield has since managed the Grand opera house in this city; Booth's theatre, the Park and the Metropolitan theatre in Boston; the Metropolitan opera house in this city twice, and the Lyceum theatre.

Mr. Abbey is credited with the distinction of having restored Italian opera in this country. In this attempt he was associated with Maurice Grau. Their first attempt was a disastrous failure. Abbey, in 1884, was given a benefit at the Metropolitan opera house that netted, it is said, \$30,000. In later years they met with a measure of success, but a few months ago the theatrical world was surprised by the bankruptcy of the firm.

Mr. Abbey has had little public life since the publication of his wife's action for divorce and the reorganization of his firm. Only intimate friends knew of his living, and they had no intimation of the seriousness of his condition. For this reason the announcement of his death came as a surprise.

Henry E. Abbey started life in theatricals as a stage manager. He would handle only the greatest attractions. In the presentation of performances involving great talent, he was a man of great energy and perseverance. Abbey was unequalled. To Abbey Americans are indebted for the introduction to them of the great actors, Henry Irving, Patti, Jane Hading, Maud Sully, Helena, Bertha, Joe Hoffman, Calve, the brothers De Beane and many others. He also managed the last tour of Mary Anderson.

Mr. Abbey was an enthusiastic yachtsman, and belonged to a number of clubs. His first wife was Miss Kingsley. After her death he married Florence Grau, a well known actress, who recently sued for separation on the ground of cruelty. Mr. Abbey's answer was that his wife was extravagant, abusive and jealous. He accused her of setting a servant to spy on him. Mr. Abbey's daughter, Kate, 14 years old, by his first wife, desired the custody of her father's property. His father always used the second Mrs. Abbey kindly.

ALTHEA AND GEORGE  
They Receive a Tremendous Ovation at New York on Saturday.

New York, Oct. 19.—John P. Altgeld, governor of Illinois, and George F. Wilson, his son, arrived in New York on Saturday night. It is seldom that such a crowd turns out to hear a man as the two which gathered to greet the Altgelds at the New York hotel. At least 10,000 persons listened to speeches from the balcony and the platform. The Altgelds were greeted with the pictures of Bryan and Altgeld above the platform. The Altgelds had been distributed around the audience and when Mr. Altgeld made his appearance the vast audience rose and waved the flags and cheered for several minutes.

Henry George preceded Mr. Altgeld to the platform, and he, too, received a tremendous ovation. The meeting was held under the auspices of the German American Democratic Association, and its president, William F. Grall, called the meeting to order in German and introduced as chairman Frederick Schuch, candidate for lieutenant-governor. Governor Altgeld was received with a storm of cheers and the cry of "We love you for the causes you have made."

Gov. Altgeld said he had come to bring to the people of New York and the East a greeting from those of the great Mississippi valley. Continuing, he said: "At present there is, in addition to the gold standard, a quartette of blighting slanders in our land, respectively called federal interference, local affairs, government by injunction, usurpation by the United States supreme court, and fourth, corruption. All four of these slanders are in our midst, and all recognize the gold standard as their natural or foster mother. We believe that these blighting slanders, whose subtle brings paralysis and whose embrace means death, have not more admirers among your people than they have among ours. This campaign is to decide, not only whether we shall permanently adopt these slanders into our household and make them the ruling members of the family."

The governor devoted the greater part of his speech to the consideration of "Federal interference," giving a detailed history of the great railroad strike of 1891.

A MESSAGE TO MEN.  
Proving That True Honesty and True Philanthropy Still Exist.

If any man who is weak, nervous and debilitated, or who is suffering from any of the various troubles resulting from youthful folly, excesses or overwork, will take heart and write to me, I will send him confidentially and free of charge the plan pursued by which I was completely restored to perfect health and manhood, after years of suffering from Nervous Debility, Loss of Vigor and Organic Weakness.

I have nothing to sell and therefore I am not interested in your cure. My own experience has led me to sympathize with such sufferers, I am glad to be able to assist any fellow being to a cure. I am well aware of the prevalence of quackery, for I myself was deceived and imposed upon until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but I rejoice to say that I am now perfectly well and happy once more and am desirous therefore to make this certain means of cure known to all. If you will write to me you can rely on being cured and the proud satisfaction of having been of great service to one in need will be sufficient reward for my trouble. Absolute secrecy in answer. Send 5c in advance to cover postage and address, Mr. George G. Strong, North Rockwood, Mich.

Group Quickly Cured.  
Mountain Glen, Ark.—Our children were suffering with croup when we received a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It afforded almost instant relief. P. A. Thornton. This celebrated remedy is for sale by all druggists. Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

## BANK OF B. C. IN TACOMA.

Manager Simon Interviewed and Explains Reasons for Closing.

Mr. J. Simon, manager of the Bank of British Columbia at Tacoma, when asked what reasons could be given for withdrawing the agency from Tacoma and Seattle, said:

"That matter is settled in London, and of course we don't know what the exact reasons may be, but I presume the directors think they can make better use of their money elsewhere. It is well known that banking in this part of the country has not been profitable for the last few years, and I do not see any brilliant prospect in that line for the immediate future. I know we have endeavored to run the business here on business principles and to make it profitable, while serving our patrons in the best manner possible, yet I can't say that the losses at present warrants the company in keeping the bank open."

"When will the office be closed and the company withdrawn from this city?"

"That will depend on how soon we are able to clear up our business with our customers and others. As soon as we had learned that it was decided to close we took the first opportunity to advise our customers in order that they may make such arrangements as will enable them to close their accounts with us. As soon as that has been finished I suppose the company will withdraw."

"The bank was established eight years ago in Tacoma and has always had a large share of the foreign shipping business, handling the exchange for the whole of the lumber shipments, and also of the Northern Pacific Steamship Company's business. The Seattle office has been established for the same length of time."

Mr. Simon has been in the employ of the company for many years, coming from San Francisco, to which place he was sent from the London office, where he was previously engaged for several years. He entered their service when a boy, after leaving an apprenticeship in a bank in his native town in Scotland.

"Will any of the branches in British Columbia be discontinued?"

"No, that I know of. I hardly think so. The company has a branch at Nelson, established to meet the demands of the lumbering industry, but I do not think of their branches there will be discontinued or any new ones established."

"Are those branches more profitable than the Tacoma and Seattle branches?"

"Well, they hardly have the business we do, but I don't suppose it cost anything near the expense to run them that it does this branch. Their expenses are very light."

"Has the political situation anything to do with the withdrawal of your company?"

"Well, to tell the truth, I know nothing about that. It is a matter that is settled by the company, and I am not in a position to know what their reasons may be."

SCHOOL INQUIRY.  
Investigation Continued by the Special Committee.

The North Ward school investigation was resumed on Saturday evening. R. S. Day, a partner of Mr. Soule at the time the contract was awarded, was the first witness. On the 15th of September, 1895, he left the office and did not return, and the partnership was dissolved on December 31st of the same year. He did not have anything to do with the building of the school. He superintended the filling in of the yard by Mr. Haggerty for Mr. Soule, who was his brother-in-law.

Mr. Eford, one of the contractors, asked him for a certificate for the dual payment of \$25,000, but he declined to do so, and the necessary authority from Mr. Soule to do so. Mr. Eford afterwards returned and informed him that Chairman Hayward of the school board had stated that it would be all right to issue the certificate. Mr. Day went to see Mr. Hayward and he learned the same thing from him. He then issued the certificate, signing it C. J. Soule per R. S. Day. He disagreed with Mr. Northcott that all the walls were strengthened; only the lower walls were strengthened. The other walls were as originally designed.

Mr. Day gave corroborative evidence regarding the steel girders, and also stated that at the request of the janitor he examined one of the stairs landing while superintending the Haggerty contract. He found that the landing had dropped and attributed the trouble to the displacement of the timber. He reported this to Mr. Hayward and at his request went to look to making the necessary repairs. They proceeded to do so, but did not find the cause of the trouble. He wrote them again, and as far as he knew they did nothing.

Chairman Marchant, Mr. Soule stated that the iron steel girders were manufactured at Carnegie's works, Pittsburgh, and were according to specifications.

R. L. Bayne, architect since 1881, stated that he had visited the North Ward school building in company with Mr. Day. He re-affirmed what he had written regarding the safety of the roof and walls, and has not been published. He did not think there was at any time any danger.

Chairman Hayward of the Board of School Trustees, detailed how the plans were obtained and selections made. All the plans were referred to R. Mackay Flipp, of Vancouver, for advice. Messrs. Soule and Day's plans were awarded first place and the trustees acquiesced in this decision. The plans were referred to Building Inspector Northcott to see if they complied with the building regulations. No objections have been accepted by the board unless the inspector was satisfied. He did not interfere with the architect. He did not know how the plans were obtained, and he did not consider it an intermediary between the architect and the board. He said he was not a clerk of the works. He did not consider whether the architect had been consulted regarding the changes suggested in Mr. Gray's letter.

The investigation was adjourned until 2.30 Thursday afternoon.

PRINTERS' CONVENTION.

International Union Assumes Control of Machines.

Colorado Springs, Col., Oct. 19.—The International Typographical Union have assumed the entire control of Linotype machines, and said in substance that no one shall be employed on these machines either as an operator or a machinist unless he is a member of the typographical union.

Prior to this action, the International union claimed control over only the operators of Linotype machines, leaving repairing and taking care of the type-setting machines now being done entirely by printers who are members of the typographical union.

Thousands of printers were thrown out of employment by the introduction of the type-setting machines several years ago, and the action taken by the International union is aimed to create a field of work for as many of these as possible.

A number of minor amendments to the constitution were made.

Cataract Cured For 27 Cents.  
Neglect cold in the head and you will surely have cataract. Neglect nasal catarrh and you will surely induce pulmonary diseases or catarrh of the stomach with its disgusting attendants, foul breath, hawking, spitting, blowing etc. Stop it by using Dr. Chase's Cataract Cure, 25 cents a box. A perfect blooder included with each box.

## MERCURY AND VENUS.

The following may be of interest, in view of the recent discovery that the planets Mercury and Venus rotate on their respective axis. Observations of Mercury and Venus have always been difficult, and it is therefore in the different planets being observed, not the same. Mercury never leaves the company of the sun, its greatest distance from it in the sky being not more than about thirty degrees. It is on that account so close to the sun that it is almost lost in its brightness and makes the details of its surface difficult to detect. Some fifty years ago astronomers thought they saw covered motion about the axis, and fixed the day at about five minutes less than ours. But later, while generally accepted and given place in text books has been without absolute proof. It has been conceded that the planet has been observed during the transit of the planet across the sun's disk. The position must in this case be determined from the observation of the actual surface of Mercury, and hitherto no observer has been fortunate enough to get even glimpses of this.

With Venus the case is quite different. The brightness of this planet is such as to obscure vision, so that the best observations have been taken at times when there was daylight present to some degree. It has been the general opinion that the surface of the planet was hidden from us by dense clouds in the atmosphere, while mountain peaks piercing these clouds or permanent spots have been lacking, so that the time of rotation has been in doubt. It has been set down, however, as about an hour longer than the day of the earth. Some observations of things which were supposed to give a clue to the rotation have been recorded, but, like the case of Mercury, they have not been able to establish a reliable basis for the planet, the later astronomer with his powerful telescopes, unless Venus is seen from the earth, for it is not possible to see them.

The discovery from Lowell Observatory, flag staff, Ariz., suggests the curious fact that these planets have each of them only one day in the year, and this will very readily settle the question of whether the planet has a day or not. They are nomadic tribes which follow the sun and live always on the sunny side of the planet, for the time of rotation is the same as the time of revolution. The planet Venus is a crescent, the horns extend over more than a half circle, which is the time of rotation. There is no atmosphere to retract the light; and further, when during the transit of Venus a portion of the planet has emerged upon the sun's disk or remains upon it, so illuminating the whole edge of the planet has been seen, which could be accomplished in no way known to us except the diffusion of the sunlight through the atmosphere. The degree of this diffusion being considered, it is probable that the atmosphere is quite dense. Mr. Lowell is, however, assured that the supposed clouds do not exist and all that prevents our observation of the configuration of Venus is the difficulty of looking through the atmosphere. Boston Transcript.

## That

Extreme tired feeling afflicts nearly everybody at this season. The hustlers cease to push, the tireless grow weary, the energetic become enervated. You know just what we mean. Some men and women endeavor temporarily to overcome that

## Tired

Feeling by great force of will. But this is unsafe, as it pulls powerfully upon the nervous system, which will not long stand such strain. Too many people "work on their nerves," and the result is seen in unfortunate wrecks marked "nervous prostration," in every direction. That tired

ing is a positive proof of this, weak, impure blood; for, if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is, therefore, apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember that

Hood's Sarsaparilla  
Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1.  
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate, 25 cents.

WHITE STAR  
BAKING POWDER  
PURE & WHOLESOME

...ALL GOES...

"Merry as a Marriage Bell"

IN HOMES WHERE

White Star  
Baking Powder  
IS USED.

For the "Blue Devils" of indigestion cannot resist the pure and wholesome baking which so uniformly results from the use of this matchless powder.

WHITE STAR  
BAKING POWDER  
HAS THE LARGEST DEMAND IN CANADA

## Those famous household necessities:

E. B. EDDY'S Matches  
appreciated by every one who  
cantell a superior article among  
a legion of bad,

"Here since 1861."

## NO-TO-BAC GUARANTEED TOBACCO CURE

Over 1,000,000 cures prove the power to destroy the desire for tobacco in any form. No-to-bac is the greatest nerve-feeding in the world. Many gain 10 pounds in 10 days and it never fails to make the weak important man strong, vigorous and manly. Just try a box. You will be delighted. We expect you to believe what we say, for a cure is absolutely guaranteed by dramatic evidence. Send for our book, "The No-to-bac Cure," with a copy of your Life Away, written guarantee and five samples. Address THE NO-TO-BAC CURE CO., Chicago or New York.

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY HOWES, THE DRUGGIST.

## THE EYES OF THE WORLD

Are Fixed Upon South American Nerve.

Beyond Doubt the Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

WHEN EVERY OTHER HELPER HAS FAILED IT CURES

A Discovery, Based on Scientific Principles, that Renders Failure Impossible.

SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE

In the matter of good health temporary measures, while possibly successful for the moment, can never be lasting. Those in poor health soon know whether the remedy they are using is simply a passing incident in their experience, tracing them up for the day, or something that is getting at the root of the disease and is surely and permanently restoring.

"The eyes of the world are literally fixed on South American Nerve. They are not viewing it as a nine-days wonder, but critical and experienced men have been studying this medicine for years, with the one result—they have found that its claim of perfect curative qualities cannot be gainsaid."

The great discoverer of this medicine was possessed of the knowledge that the seat of all disease is the nerve centres, situated at the base of the brain. In his belief he had the best scientists and medical men of the world occupying exactly the same premises. Indeed, the ordinary layman recognized this principle long ago. Everyone knows that disease or injury affects this part of the human system and death is almost certain. Injure the spinal cord, which is the medium of these nerve centres, and paralysis is sure to follow. Here is the first principle. The true

For Sale by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

W. J. R. Cowell,  
(B.A., F.G.S.)  
Mining Engineer and Assayer,  
28 Broad Street, VICTORIA, B.C.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the B. & N. Ry bridge will be closed to public traffic on and after Saturday, 2nd inst., at 10 p.m. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.

Harrison Hot Springs  
BRETHERN COLUMBIA

The best time of the year for a visit to the Springs—no mosquitoes, excellent fishing and hunting. Wonderful cascades. Hot Springs. Very low rates. Everything first class.

Victoria Loan Office  
133 GOVERNMENT ST.  
MONEY TO LOAN  
On any approved security. Business strictly confidential.  
Private entrance, Pandora street.  
F. Landsberg, Prop.  
P. O. Box 606. Feb 12-19

Advertising

Don't perfect your business education but it will sell your goods, and if you possess the qualifications to carry on a business it will bring you

SUCCESS

"THE TIMES," "Honest Advertising" and "Quick Results" are synonymous terms.

WANTED HELP.—Reliable men in every locality, local or "travelling," to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment, Commission or salary; \$25.00 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank should be made. Send a work card, your address any way; it will be to your interest to investigate; write to-day; you can positively make \$15 a week easy. Write to Imperial Silverware Co., Box B.O. Windsor, Ontario. Oct 30-96

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS, set in type like this paragraph, cost but one cent per word each insertion, and are received at the Times office each day of publication up to 4 p. m.

FOR SALE.  
YOU CAN get rye and whole wheat bread delivered fresh daily from Domestic Bakery, 59 Broad street. Oct 30-96

WHY NOT TRY Marshall's whole wheat bread; also home made bread. 59 Broad street. Oct 30-96

FOR SALE.—A portion of the N. & S. Sanitary Agricultural Society's land in South Saanich, containing 64 acres more or less, about 20 acres cleared, never falling stream of water. For particulars, apply to the secretary, H. P. Haldor, T. P. O. B. O. Oct 30-96

TO LET.  
ROOM AND BOARD for two gentlemen. 138 Blanchard st. Oct 30-96

TO LET.—3 furnished rooms, with or without board; suitable for light housekeeping. Address "W." Times office. Oct 30-96

MISCELLANEOUS.  
SOCIAL DANCE.—Uniform Rank, K. of P. will hold a social dance, in Castle hall, on Tuesday evening, 20th inst. Admission, 75c. Oct 30-96

A & W. WILSON  
PLUMBERS AND GAS-FITTERS.  
Selling Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best quality of plumbing supplies at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 124

JEWELERS, ETC.  
MYERS' OF NEW YORK.  
Bankrupt Stock.  
WALTHAM and ELGIN WATCHES  
AT ABOUT HALF THE USUAL PRICES  
Having purchased a large stock of these celebrated watches at 50c in the dollar, will sell at prices defying competition.  
WALTHAM, SOLID SILVER, STEEL-WIND WATCHES, \$1.  
Have also the latest Watches made by the Waltham & Elgin Co.  
Vanguard, 21 Hole Jeweled, \$30 Highest Grade Elgin, \$20.

S. A. STODDART, 68 Yates St.  
UNDERTAKERS.  
CHAS. HAYWARD  
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer.  
Government Street, Victoria.  
THOS. STOREY.  
Funeral Director.  
90 Johnson Street. VICTORIA, B.C.

THE CORNER STONE  
OF A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS  
ADVERTISING IN THE TIMES

Know that to make a cake good business powder and the finest flavoring extracts are necessary. GOLDEN WEST extracts and baking powder are absolutely pure. All good grocers keep them. They are the best.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.—"Change" for standing advertisements must be handed in at the office before 11 a.m. of the day the "Change" is desired to appear.

## VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE.  
VETERINARY SURGEON.  
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.). Office at Bray's Livery, 104 Johnson street. Telephone 123; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS.  
JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER,  
successor to John Deaghtery. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Bell & Co., Fort street, groceries. Cochrane & Mann, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone, 124.

WANTED.  
\$15 A WEEK EASY.—You work right around home, a brand new thing, no trouble to make \$15 per week easy; write to us quick; you will be surprised how easy it can be done; send us your address any way; it will be to your interest to investigate; write to-day; you can positively make \$15 a week easy. Write to Imperial Silverware Co., Box B.O. Windsor, Ontario. Oct 30-96

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# British Columbia.

## STANLEY.

**B. C. Mining Journal.**  
Mr. Wm. Thompson, late of Coolgardie, Australia, was here last week looking over some alluvial properties on Lightning creek in the interest of London people.

Mr. Wm. McIntosh has just got out about five tons of quartz from the Peckish claim, on which he has an option. He is going to have the rock tested at Mr. March's cyanide works, Barkerville. The Dragon Creek Hydraulic Mining Company, under the management of Mr. Gust Lang, has just completed laying 700 feet of flume. Water is very slack just now, this being about the driest season on record, but by using the dam they are enabled to get a full head for nearly an hour each day, and expect to lay another 100 feet before winter, which will put them very close to bedrock.

## NANAIMO.

Dunsmuir & Sons have decided to shut down for the present the East Wellington colliery, which they recently purchased from Mr. R. D. Chandler. On Monday the rails will be taken out of the mine allowed to fill with water. This "shut down" will throw about 20 or 25 people out of employment.

Messrs. M. H. Brown, H. Stanton and J. Love left this morning on a trip to the Nanaimo lakes and the prospective mines in that vicinity. They will look over the country to see the best route for a road and trail.

The following mineral claims were recorded at the government office, Nanaimo, on Saturday: Stewart island, four claims, situated by the Lincolnia Mining Co.; Haslam creek, near Nanaimo river bridge, South Nanaimo district, one claim; Chatham Point, north coast, one; Texada island, two claims, owned by Messrs. Moses Woodburn and F. Hilley.

A suit has been entered by Mr. Turner of Wellington against H. Plence, W. H. S. Perkins, T. L. Browne and Dr. Prager, as trustees of St. Alban's Episcopal church, this city, under the pastorate of the Rev. G. H. Torrey, to recover the sum of \$400 or thereabouts, loaned to the church several years ago. Defendants do not deny that the money was loaned to the church, but they claim that it was repaid by the trustees of the church to the late Donald Smith, who was deemed to be the agent of the plaintiff, Turner. Turner, however, denies that the late Donald Smith had any authority to act on his behalf, hence the action against the trustees of the St. Alban's church. The case is further complicated by the recent death of Capt. Honeymann, who conducted the negotiation in regard to the repayment of the loan. Varnood & Young represent the plaintiff and G. F. Cane the defendants.

## ROSSLAND.

### Rossland Mining Review.

The Southern Belle, at a depth of 20 feet, has two feet of ore which assays \$24.83 in gold and silver.

The Blackhawk Company, operating on Chumpton is meeting with some encouragement. At a depth of about 80 feet the ore has changed into a fine quartz mixed with iron. It carries \$22 per ton in gold.

The Monte Cristo compressor started operations last night. The machine is a model and runs to perfection. Drills are at work on both levels. The showing on the east end is fine. Ore near the pay limit.

The average assay of \$230 obtained by the Deer Park people is a fitting reward for their faith in the property and perseverance through doubt and discouragement. Deer Park will be an early dividend payer.

Toronto capital and Toronto men are now very much in evidence in this camp. There are over a score of the Queen's City's business men here at the present moment, and no small share of the future profits of the camp will fall to the lot of the Torontonians who have made and are making judicious and timely investments. It must also be said that most of the stocks sold in Toronto are proving good, and not one can be named that has not a fair chance to become a payer.

The Empress has been purchased by a Victoria syndicate, whose members are Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney, J. F. Bethune, ex-Alderman McLeish, ex-Alderman Munn, Captain Wise and others. The first thing done by the purchasers was to have an assay on some of the ore and they were agreeably surprised to get a return of \$15 in gold, silver and copper. The claim was not represented as carrying any very good values on the surface. Governor Dewdney and Mr. Bethune visited the property on Monday and were more than delighted with the showing on it. They were accompanied by Mr. Dick, a manufacturer in Glasgow, and who is one of the heaviest stockholders in the Broken Hill mine in Australia.

## ASHERCROFT.

### B. C. Mining Journal.

Joseph Hunter, M.P.P., the engineer in charge of the Golden River Quenselle Company, spent a day in Ashcroft this week and left for Quenselle Forks on Friday's stage.

Messrs. Shidevant, Gossall and Armstrong were left in care of the Omice Mining Company camp. They have work to do for the entire winter, and will be about to some hunting and trapping. The Victoria Mining Company will also have a few men in their camp, which is only three miles away.

Not nearly so many men will come down from Cariboo this season as heretofore. Many of them are finding something to do for the winter, and others will unite and wait for work next season. It is believed by those best informed in large quantities, and that, of course, means good times for laborers and ranchers.

Ten Indians on the Bonaparte reservation, so far, have died within the past 30 days of typhoid pneumonia. This is the first time in 100 years that so many of them have died of this disease. There is very little to be done for them, they will not leave that section even temporarily, and when taken sick will not care for themselves or allow others to do so. Dr. Williams is doing all he can for them, but fears that the epidemic is not yet wearing through.

The sale of the Mand, which has been announced heretofore, in this and other journals, has for the present fallen

through. It is supposed that the Fish-back and River properties will go through, just the same, and that the Mand deal may yet be fixed up. Whether the Mand is sold as yet or not, it will not long be allowed to be idle. We understand that some time was asked for in making the second payment which was not allowed by the owners. One payment has been made on the property.

## VERNON.

### Vernon News.

At the assizes held before Mr. Justice Walker, Frank, a Siwash, was found guilty with intent to kill, Gavin Hamilton, the ferryman at Savona's. Because of extenuating circumstances he was allowed to go on suspended sentence. Lind, Keithley, Humphrey and Lucy, four miners from the lower country, were acquitted on a charge of felony preferred by Thomas Atkinson, in connection with the transfer of a mineral claim at Anacoda.

Large bags of wild geese have been made during the last few days, by local sportsmen, and several deer have also fallen victims to the prowess of city slayers.

Much to the regret of all concerned, Lord Aberdeen was unable to arrive here in time to open the show, but he and Lady Aberdeen will be in on this morning's train.

The position of the manager of the B. X. ranch, rendered vacant by the lamented death of Mr. Angus McDonald, has been given to Mr. H. R. Parke, well

The show of 1896 is beyond all doubt far and away superior to anything of the kind ever before seen in the interior of British Columbia, and from almost every visitor entering the doors of the exhibition building on Wednesday afternoon expressions of gratification and surprise were heard at the splendid and varied nature of the exhibits spread out to view. Hardly an available inch of space was unutilized, and the long tables were crowded with the most tempting display of vegetables, fruits, grains and miscellaneous articles ever before brought together in Vernon. Residents of this district—the garden of British Columbia—may well be excused for expressing a pardonable feeling of pride at the magnificent showing made this year. It is true that the season has in some respects been an unfavorable one; true that the continued dry weather made many a farmer's wheat yield far below the average, but—despite these drawbacks, such vegetables as were here shown it would be hard to equal in the broad Dominion, while there were numerous exhibits of wheat, oats, and barley that would compare favorably with similar products from any part of the world. But it is in fruit that we excel. In this line it has been demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt that the "Land of the Okanagan" is deemed to assume a proud position of pre-eminence among the apple producing countries of the continent. We have said that the exhibition has never been rivalled by any interior show; we will

this he has been doing frequently. Mr. Norton will spend the winter on the Sound and return in the spring to prosecute work on his claim.

Col. Wright is down from Omice, where he left three men to look after the plant and property during the winter. The pipe which is lying at Quenselle will be taken up early in the spring by means of pack horses.

Major Dupont is down by last stage from a three weeks' stay at the mining proposition in which he is interested. Good work may be expected all around early next season. The general outlook is favorable to the development of the vast mineral wealth of this region.

## MET-HUSIN.

Mrs. Doering and daughter with Mrs. Aubrey are down from Vancouver on a visit.

Mrs. A. Clarke, who for some time past has conducted the Sunday school, has given it up. This is a serious loss to the children, since under her they had made satisfactory progress. As I fully expected no movement has been made on the part of pupils or parents to testify their appreciation of her voluntary work in the past or their desire for its continuance in the future.

The usual harvest home took place on the evening of the 18th inst. Fully one hundred people were present and over \$50 was realized for the benefit of the pastor, Rev. W. H. Ellison. At 8 o'clock the concert was opened by an instrumental piece, "The Mocking

of the great grandfather of the little one.

## KAMLOOPS.

### Island Sentinel.

It is reported on the street that a Montreal company of brokers is negotiating with the owners of the Pythou with a view to placing that fine prospect on the Montreal market, on the company plan, with, as usual, a huge capitalization.

"Anyone" who has the interest or the curiosity to gaze upon some of the finest samples of copper sulphide ore that could be seen in this big world can be gratified by calling at the Sentinel office. The samples are from Guerin's claim on Coal Hill, and are as pretty as possible. They are a counterpart of what is taken from the Rossland mines—mines which are now the sensation of the mining world.

Mayor Lee has given a contract to sink the shaft 20 feet deeper on his Chieftain claim on Coal Hill, making the depth 30 feet. On Chieftain No. 2, which adjoins the former, he is putting a shaft down 10 feet.

In conversation with Mr. Elton Newman, author of "Hidden Mines and How to Find Them" (a valuable little book for prospectors, which can be purchased at Sirin's bookstore), he remarked that, from what knowledge he had obtained of the mineral range between Kamloops and the boundary line, he believed in twenty years the discovery of valuable mines would be just as frequent as the discovery of the little one.

cash payment (and, within a reasonable time, enough work has been done by the buyer to determine whether there is a mine or not).

Hon. N. Clarke Wallace, M.P., the famous leader of the anti-corruption division of the Conservative party during the late Dominion elections, leaves Toronto on a visit to the west next week. He will come directly to Kamloops, reaching here about the 27th inst. He is coming as president of a Toronto mining company which has been recently organized, and which already has an agent in this district. Mr. Wallace will investigate the prospects on Coal Hill, where, we understand, his company is already the owner of several promising claims.

J. B. Hastings, a mining engineer, representing a large mining company of Toronto, in which the Goodrichs are largely interested, paid a visit to the Homestake mine on Adams lake this week.

James Noble, who was one of the chiefs in the party that went to Tote Jemine Cache to explore the mica mines there, has formed a very favorable opinion of the extent and value of the property. There are, he says, unquestionably huge deposits of veins of the mineral, and much of it would probably turn out to be of first rate quality. A good deal would need to be expended in development, but the question yet to be solved is the method of getting the mica out to the market. He believes that it would be quite feasible to transport it by scows down the Fraser river. The Fraser is only a few miles from the mine, and the construction of a road way to the river banks would not be a very expensive matter. Once these ideas would be to whipsaw timber enough for scows which could, he believes, be successfully floated out to the railway. The scows, of course, could not be returned, and new ones would be needed for each shipment. If this method were adopted, all the supplies would still need to go in by North Thompson from Kamloops, as the inward route by the Fraser is wholly impracticable. J. F. Smith will go to Seattle in a day or two to complete, if possible, the sale of the mine to the company that sent the party out to inspect it this summer.

The Kamloops Agricultural Association has elected the following officers and board of directors: President, Jas. Mellors; vice-presidents, J. T. Edwards and V. D. Curry; secretary, J. J. Carment; treasurer, J. R. Hull; directors, Jas. McIntosh, R. G. Macpherson, B. R. Moore, R. E. Smith, M. P. Gordon, T. N. Moore, Kamloops; J. B. Greaves, Douglas Lake; A. Noble, North Thompson; J. P. Sims, Shawanaga; F. C. Jones, Grand Prairie; Wm. Fortune, Tranquille; A. J. Palmer, Salmon Arm; H. Bock, M.P., Ducks; and W. J. Roper, Cherry Creek.



## A HELPING HAND AT LAST!

"Of one thing the West may rest assured, and that is that I am with it heart and soul; and I hope, if God apures me and it is His will to keep me in power for a few years, to show by my policy towards the West that I am deeply in earnest in my determination to assist the country." —Premier Laurier to Mr. Richardson, M.P.

and favorably known throughout this district as the provincial constable in the government office here.

The Vernon Farmers' Association sent out their first car of vegetables this season to Kootenay on Saturday. It was consigned to Trail and intermediate points, and Mr. Frank French went along in charge.

Mr. D. C. Fletcher, who left for Sandown recently with a pack train of 15 horses, has returned to town and reports having met with dire disaster while en route. It seems that when near Sandown the horses were turned out to feed on Baker creek.

Mr. Baker's claim, for miles up the Fraser, promises well and the work necessary to open it up thoroughly is nearing completion. In this vicinity there has been a good deal of sliding down in early days, especially on the opposite side of the river. A few days ago a great slide occurred near by. The only intimation given of the occurrence was a loud noise like that of falling timber.

It is said that an immense slide occurred near the same place about thirty years ago, and it damaged the Fraser for a short time. The present slide is about a quarter of a mile long and about one hundred feet wide.

Mr. Norton of the San Juan, has returned from a prospecting trip northward from Cottonwood, where he has located a claim. The ground promises well, yielding ten cents to the pan. A Chinaman working next to this claim took out eight ounces in five days, and

Bled," by Master C. Helgesen. He was loudly encored and responded by another selection, "My Aunt Tabitha," a recitation by Miss Myers, was well rendered. Mrs. Ellison and Mrs. Fisher then sang "Where the Wild Thyme Grows." Capt. McCallum was down for a song, but as he did not appear Mr. Ellison gave a reading instead. Miss Arlene Duke gave a recitation in not quite her usual good style. "Astoria" very sweetly. A good recitation, "The Life Boat," by Mr. Hayward, was a bit disappointing in its execution. "A Dream" was sung by Mrs. Hayward and the "Auld Hoose" by Mrs. Hayward. Both did full justice to their songs. The last on the programme was a brilliant piano solo by Miss Heathfield. At the conclusion of the concert all responded to Mr. Ellison's request to sing "Auld Lang Syne." Dancing, the no plus ultra of youth's enjoyment, then began, the music being furnished by Messrs. Holden and Haynes.

A gloom was cast over the enjoyment of the party and the number of participants lessened by a sad event—the death of a little girl, the only child of Mrs. Geo. Porter. On such an occasion all a friend and neighbor can offer is sympathy, and he would be hard indeed who could not feel some little sympathy for a sorrowing young mother, so so wonderful it was that the little coffin could not bear all the floral wreaths and crosses sent by thoughtful sympathizers as it was borne to its grave by the side

quent as they are now, and the fever for prospecting quite as great. "It is truly," he said, "the grandest mineral country in the world, and the history of mining in all ages I believe will be eclipsed right here."

During the week lumber has been sent out to the Pythou claim to construct a cabin, 18x22, for the use of the employees of that promising prospect during the winter season. The work directed by head at this claim now is the sinking of the shaft to a depth of 60 feet or more from the present level, and after that the work of cross-cutting will be begun. The owners of this claim have the strongest possible faith that mine will be developed there, and are going about their work in a most business-like fashion. The quality of the ore continues to improve, and the whole showing fully justifies, in the opinion of people who know what they are talking of, the expenditures that are being made.

During the past few weeks a number of mining men have quietly come to Kamloops and have slipped out and had a look at the Coal Hill properties. As a result, claim owners have been approached on the subject of a sale of their properties. It is complained that the figures they ask have scared the prospective purchasers away. They ask, in the first place, a substantial cash payment, and the balance on a time bond. They have so far been unable to get. Investors want to purchase on the basis of a working bond—that is, no



## CURE SICK HEAD

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Dropsicalness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

## ACHE

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure a while others do not. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICAL CO., NEW YORK.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.



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## CLOSED

Belleville Street, between Menzies and Oswego;

Rae Street, between Douglas and Blanchard;

Yates Street between Cook and Vancouver, are closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

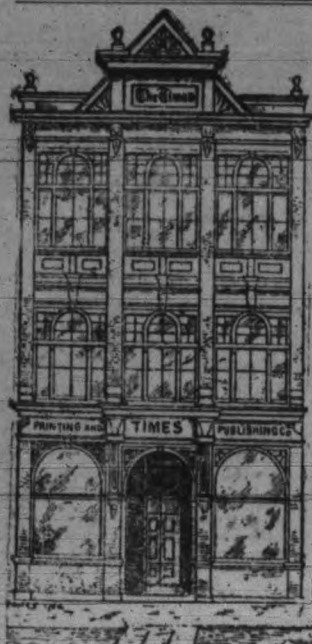
## Dental Notice

Dr. T. J. Jones' Dental Business will be carried on as usual during his illness.



## OCTOBER.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31



The Daily Times.

## CAUTION IS NECESSARY.

Mr. Sandford Fleming has been giving some attention to the fast steamship project, and the result of his observations is embodied in a pamphlet recently published. He concludes that it would be a mistake to establish a twenty-knot service on the St. Lawrence route, but advocates with much force such a service between Halifax and a British port, Stranraer on Loch Ryan on the coast of Wigtownshire, Scotland, for choice. An investigation of the whole question since the fast line project was brought up, has convinced Mr. Fleming that the St. Lawrence gulf and river are too subject to ice drifts in spring and to fogs later on to make it possible to establish a fast service which would compete with the New York service. One obvious deduction from Mr. Fleming's conclusions is that the twenty-knot proposal should be approached cautiously and with a determination to examine all the facts closely. A good many people, who mean well enough, perhaps, are given to "talking through their hats" on this subject, shouting for a fast service without a proper knowledge of the conditions.

## RAILWAY TO KOOTENAY.

The Kamloops Sentinel endorses the "People's Railway" project. Such a road, it says, would be of tremendous advantage to the country, as it would be not more than half the length of the C. P. R. to the coast and would open up the splendid mineral district to the south of Kamloops. Our contemporary advocates that a line from Kamloops, running south to connect with the projected railway, be insisted upon as a part of the scheme. This suggestion, we believe, has been anticipated by the promoters. The extension of that branch to the Cariboo country should also receive serious consideration, for it must now, after thirty years' experience, be manifest to every old-timer that the northern half of British Columbia will never be developed without railways. To embody a Cariboo extension as part of the scheme, would, perhaps, make the undertaking too formidable to be carried out in two years, but the construction of a road to the golden hills of Cariboo must of necessity form part of any well-planned railway policy; and sooner or later it will be built. Upon the completion of the proposed Kootenay line and its successful operation, a Cariboo branch will become a question demanding immediate attention; but for the present we must bend our energies to the accomplishment of that which is most needed. Kootenay is the present objective point, and to Kootenay we must go with a railway. Other projects—and there are many—can wait until this one, the saving of the trade of the province for the people of the province, is assured. There will be work in British Columbia for the next ten years for a government of earnest business men.

The Sentinel does not approve of the proposed bill of trade resolution, to make a schedule of rates common to the four cities, and characterizes such a condition as "hogwash." Our contemporary must not permit the despicable act of sectionalism, which we all most wish to see dead and buried, to influence its actions or its criticisms. Victoria is heartily in sympathy with the projected railway and will cheerfully bear her share of the burden that necessarily must be imposed upon the province to build it. To give her merchants the

same freight rates as the merchants of the other cities, is not placing the latter at any disadvantage. To ask that much is not "hogwash" to refuse it might be.

The undertaking will be a large one and it will require united effort if it is to succeed. Therefore, don't let us throw any rocks at each other.

The Sydney correspondent of the Monetary Times writes of the situation in Australia: "One thing is undeniable—the budget shows a better condition of things than was anticipated. This is the case with all the colonies but Victoria. They all closed the financial years with surpluses, despite the drought, except Victoria, where its railway revenue went badly behind. These facts may be taken as evidence that the times have taken a turn for the better, and though the upward progress is slow, it appears to be certain. The drought has been broken, and favorable rains have fallen generally over the country. A land that had passed so easily through a year when right on the heels of the collapse of 1893, there followed a drought that in this colony alone destroyed ten million sheep and lambs, reduced its export of wool by one hundred thousand bales, and made it an enormous importer of food products, is clearly a land of great resources. The failures have been few, the bank stocks are higher than a year and a half ago, and trade is generally sound."

The Kamloops city water works delectures, bearing six per cent, have been sold in Montreal at a premium of 3.83 per cent. Although the rate of interest is high, the amount is small and the time comparatively brief, which leads the Sentinel to remark that the transaction is an exceedingly favorable one. "There is no young city in Canada," remarks our contemporary, "that have been better managed in its municipal affairs, and probably not one of its size which enjoys such excellent services of light and water with a rate of taxation so low as Kamloops. Compared with the coast cities, our taxes are not one-half, for here the assessment on which the rate is based is extremely low."

## Communications.

The Times is not responsible for the opinions of correspondents, and must not be understood as endorsing the views expressed in their columns. The names of correspondents must always be given to the editor.

## THAT CASE OF PERSECUTION.

To the Editor:—When the Times was so magnanimous as to wish to drop the subject of Dr. George Duncan, if he and his friends were willing, I thought we should hear no more of it, but I see the opposition organ of Saturday comes out with greater vim than ever in a column of acrimony against the dismissal of Dr. Duncan as quarantine officer at William Head. Don't you think, sir, it is rather late in the day for you to try to talk about being very un-British? What could be more so than the attack made by one of the most prominent of their own party against our Governor-General? Why, it makes every true Briton burn with shame and indignation to think about it. They talk of Dr. Duncan's professional reputation being affected. Who, pray, is to blame for that? If he did not look out for that himself, there was no one going to do it for him. They say "if Dr. Duncan committed the offense charged against him; then again they tell us he committed 'no' offense. What in the name of common sense do they mean? Do they take us all for idiots? In the face of Dr. Duncan's own confession and apology to the mayor they come out with this. When a man does wrong and confesses surely he needs no trial. Truly they must think we are all troubled with the same disease as themselves. Actions speak louder than words, so there need be no criticisms made on the actions of the mayor. Allow me, Mr. Editor, to be "frank" and "honest," and say that Dr. Duncan has acted as an offensive political partisan of the worst kind; therefore he has no right to any position of trust under the government. Why, Mr. Editor, it would be one of the most flagrant acts of injustice ever perpetrated on this province if this was allowed. You would think, to hear our friend talk, that Dr. Duncan was the only man who could fill the position. They could not finish up their trade without having a fling at the "defeated candidate." I can assure you I would much rather be the "defeated candidate" under the circumstances than those who were returned; our "defeated candidates" at any rate know how to be gentlemen. To find some other theme to fill his columns and let Dr. Duncan sink into oblivion as I would wish to do were I in his place; if not, then let us have a searching investigation into these charges. There are a few questions asked by Enquirer in your Saturday edition which the public, I am certain, would like to have answered. A LIBERAL.

## CANADIAN EMIGRATION.

To the Editor: In an editorial in your issue of September 21st you speak of the departure of emigrants for Brazil and express surprise that so many should leave a country "which should furnish them with work." You are indeed right in saying that "the million Canadians who have gone abroad should have found plenty of scope for their energies" at home. Unfortunately, Canada is very much like other countries in that the opportunities for work are all monopolized by a comparatively few so that the many have to look for work instead of employing themselves. If those emigrants hope to do, if these natural opportunities were not monopolized there would be "plenty of scope for their (the emigrants) energies in developing the riches of their native country" for their are vacant lots everywhere, even in the large cities. There is only one way to make wealth and that is to apply labor to land. If people can freely use land they can produce what wealth they please; if not,

they are dependent on those who control the land. As we all have an equal right to life does it not follow that land being essential to life and not being a product of labor, we all have an equal right to the use of the land? Then, if every one pays to the community the value of the land he uses we shall all get what belongs to us in governmental benefits and at the same time be able to freely use the land.

If this condition could be brought about emigration to Brazil would be a rare occurrence, because few people would care to leave their homes for a foreign country, where climate, manner of living, etc., are so very different from their own. They emigrate to more sparsely settled countries like Brazil because land is not so monopolized and it is easier to get a living. Why not make it possible for them to stay at home by allowing all who will to use the land as long as they will pay its value to the community?

This is the solution of the labor problem in Canada as well as in the United States.

FLORENCE A. BURLEIGH, Germantown, Pa., Sept. 28.

## Cured a Chronic Cataract.

A Remarkable Cure—J. W. Jenkinson, Gifford, spent between \$200 and \$300 in consulting doctors; tried Dixon's and all other treatments but got no benefit. One box of Chase's Cataract Cure did me more good than all the other remedies. In fact, I consider myself cured, and with a 25 cent box at that.

## INOCULATION AND HYPNOTISM.

Dr. Griffith Treats These Subjects From the Theosophical Standpoint.

Theosophical Hall, 28 Broad street, was again filled last night to its fullest seating capacity by a deeply interested audience to hear Dr. Allen Griffiths discourse upon "Inoculation and Hypnotism." He presented some interesting points.

Inoculation and hypnotism are closely allied to each other. The former pertains to the body, the latter to the mind. The processes by which results of each are brought about are identical. Both are wrong, and for one and the same reason, namely, because foreign substances are introduced artificially into the body and mind. Both processes are the practice and conditions induced for the avowed object of curing disease. Although certain changes result, cures are not effected.

What is disease of body? Violations of law in a past or present earth life even when naturally and normally exhaust themselves in what we recognize as disease. Chronic disease was produced by wrong thought and action in past earth lives, and it is incurable, although effects of this nature may exhaust themselves in any given life independent of drugs and treatment, which may assist while not determining cure. Acute disease is produced by the same causes in the present life. Hence, treatment of both does not affect cure since it does not reach the source of the disease. Disease, as such, cannot be cured, but it may be run out by exhausting effects of causes generating it. But so long as the mind continues to generate wrong thoughts, disease continues to flow as water from a spring. The spring must be purified—the mind cleared of wrong thought—the bodily condition resulting from right mental status will be healthy. All other procedures are but temporary.

Vaccination, Brown-Sequard treatment, Keeley cures and similar processes, while temporizing and changing certain physical conditions, do not effect permanent cures. There are many phases of intemperance. Drunkenness is but one, and by no means the worst. Intemperance is lack of control of thoughts and forces coursing in, and about us; or, their use for selfish purposes. Other phases are sacrificial health and happiness for money, chasing the illusive fancies of literary, political or scientific ambition to the ruin of the pursuer. Better be a drunkard than an embezzler, seducer or hypnotist.

The Keeley treatment so changed the condition of the physical organism of a drunkard by the inoculation of certain drugs that it cannot retain alcohol. True, he is thus kept from drink, but invariably rushes off at a tangent upon some other line of intemperance; or, when the effect of the drugs is exhausted, he lapses back into his former state. Why? Simply because the uncontrolled mind, the source and origin of intemperance, has not been changed and thus naturally and necessarily sets up and maintains the same old abnormal bodily conditions. Induce and maintain right mental status and bodily conditions will adjust themselves accordingly.

Some of the evils of vaccination have been modified, but the evil practice itself remains. Vaccination does not insure against small-pox, while it does almost invariably introduce cow-pox into the system. Or, if virus from one person is introduced into the body of another, diseases latent or active in the former are thereby transmitted to the latter. Furthermore, if disease takes in a given organism, vaccination most frequently lights the smoldering fire. Small-pox is a scrofula in an acute form; cow-pox or varioloid is a scrofula in chronic form. Vaccination more often causes an incurable condition of scrofula in persons and families that is diffusing itself dangerously throughout all classes. Chronic scrofula is incurable by any known mode of medical treatment, once in the blood, always in the blood, only as water eliminates it. It is admitted in medical circles that there is a 50 per cent. increase of scrofulous diseases in the last 50 years, or during the time vaccination has been so largely practiced. In Chicago, during a small-pox scare, and when vaccination was compulsory, small-pox broke out in many parts of the city at the same time without any known contagion save that of vaccination, and in many cases then, there and elsewhere, vaccination caused the loss of life and limbs. Many who survived the effects of vaccination are invalids, and will be for life and probably consumption will shorten their days many years. If not, the effect will follow by a scrofulous condition of their children. It has been demonstrated to a certainty that cancer is directly or indirectly produced by vaccination. A prominent physician of New America, California, Dr. George W. Carpenter, states that he has "never found a case of cancer



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Should not fail to inspect our fine lines of

## SUITINGS, TROUSERINGS, OVERCOATINGS.

Direct Importations from the Best Manufacturers in Europe.

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Is such that you may safely entrust an order to us, confident that you will secure the best of satisfaction in every particular.

## Our Prices

Are as low as those quoted by any tailoring firm of repute in the province.

A. GREGG & SON, MERCHANT TAILORS, YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

## LEGAL NOTICES.

## In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

In the Matter of the Winding Up Act, and the Winding Up Amendment Act, 1889.

In the Matter of the Burrard Inlet Red Cedar Lumber Company, Ltd. Liquidator.

The creditors of the above Company are required, on or before the 30th day of October, 1896, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their solicitors, if any, to the Liquidator, the Official Liquidator of the said Company, and, if so required, to the Liquidator, at his office, at the Law Courts, Victoria, at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof, they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such date as is provided. Wednesday, the 28th day of October, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the debts and claims.

Dated this 15th day of October, 1896.  
B. H. TYRWHITT DRAKE, Registrar.

## Land Registry Act.

In the Matter of an Application for a Duplicate Certificate of Title to Lot 9, Block 4, of Sub Lot 66, Fernwood Estate, Victoria, City, situate in Section 55, May 28th.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention at the expiration of one month from the date hereof, to issue a duplicate of the Certificate of Title to the above lot, to the above lot, dated the 5th day of August, 1896, and numbered 1041A.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., October 18th, 1896.  
S. Y. WOOTTON, Registrar General.

## Administrator's Notice.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the Matter of the Estate of Alexander Fraser, deceased intestate, and in the Matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Notice is hereby given that under an order granted by Mr. Justice Drake, dated the 18th day of October, 1896, the undersigned was appointed administrator of all and singular the goods, chattels and credits of the above deceased.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 15th day of November, 1896, and all persons indebted to said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

WM. MONTEITH, Official Administrator.

## WALTER H. GIBSON

25 Pandora St., Victoria, B. C.  
Circular, Pamphlet, and General Advertising Distributor for Above and Surrounding Counties. I refer by permission to the Canadian and United States Advertisers Agency, London, Canada.

## J. PIERCY &amp; CO.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.  
FULL LINES OF...

BLANKETS, FLANNELS, UNDERWEAR, UMBRELLAS and WINTER CLOTHING.

—Fancy cushions, also a large stock of uncovered cushions in six different sizes at Walter Bros.

—Nursery guards, spark guards and fire brasses at Walter Bros.

IN STOCK AND ARRIVING.  
VICTORIA, B. C.

## You need a Fall Suit



and it can be made to give such splendid healthful warmth that you'll hardly require an overcoat all season—just by seeing that it is interlined with Fibre Chamois. No weight or bulk will be added, but the natural stiffness and spring of this interlining will keep the garments in their proper shape, and its perfect non-conducting properties will keep out every breath of frosty air or damp winds, while the waterproof Rigby process makes it proof against an all day's rain or sleet storm. Wonderful value at slight expense. Only 25c. a yard.

Don't buy any ready-made garments which haven't the Fibre Chamois Label—you'll thoroughly enjoy the comfort it gives.

## MINES.

## Mining Shares For Sale.

Alberici Consolidated	41
Cariboo of Camp McKinney	10
Cliffe Queen	10
Comander	25
Crown Point	25
Dell's near Alton	10
Eureka Consolidated	10
Georgetown	10
Gravelly Star	10
Grand Hope	10
Grand Prince	10
Great Western	10
Iron Mask	25
Island	10
Josie Mac	10
Mabel	10
May Flower	10
Monte Ori	10
Norfolk	10
Proctor	10
St. Elmo	10
San Joaquin	10
Silver Star	10
O. K.	10
Yanada (Texas Island)	10
Virginia	10
War Eagle	10
Wonderful Group (Slocan)	10

## MINING STOCKS

CHANNE (Phillips Arm) Consisting of Bobbie Burns and 14 other properties, treasury stock, ...	20c
ELDON (Slocan) treasury stock, ...	10c
MUGWUMP (adjoining Iron Mask) Rossland treasury stock, ...	20c

These stocks can be safely recommended to the public.

BEAUMONT ROGGS, Opp. Drifted, Mining Broker, Daily Price List—B.C. and Clough's Code.

## Mining Shares.

Special Quotations.

MUGWUMP, ... 20c.

BLISS, ... 15c.

HIGHLAND LIGHT, ... 8c.

Geo. Shedden & Co., AGENTS, Victoria, B.C.

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New Finds, Transfers, Shipments of Ore Developments,

WITH FULL QUOTATIONS OF Stock and Share Prices

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Rand & Wallbridge

MINING BROKERS,

Sandon, B. C.

We take pleasure in announcing that we have opened an office at Sandon, for the transaction of a general mining brokerage business. We shall devote our own time to the mining of the Slocan district, and hope to interest our friends in some of the valuable properties located in this vicinity.

Correspondence solicited.

RAND & WALLBRIDGE.



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IS UNRIVALLED.  
ASK FOR FREE SAMPLE.  
**BOWES,** Dispensary Prescriptions.  
100 Government street, near corner  
Yates street.

## LOCAL NEWS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in  
a Condensed Form.

--Kodaks at Fleming Bros., Govt. at  
--Hot business lunch at noon and  
night at the Nickel Plate, opp. post-  
office. Geo. E. Fisher (formerly at the  
Elk).

The attention of the provincial police  
has been called to the practice China-  
men have adopted of dumping garbage  
on the Saanich road.

--A meeting of the chairmen of the  
city will be held shortly for the purpose  
of discussing the organization of a  
Philharmonic society.

--The proprietor, N. Condegeorge, ex-  
tends a general invitation to his friends  
to be present tonight at the re-opening  
of the Russ House Saloon.

--The Victoria Philharmonic Association  
will in future meet in the Moody  
Block every Wednesday evening. Prof.  
Stark has been engaged as instructor.

--Tickets for the annual hospital ball  
to be held on the 21st inst., may be had  
from any of the committee or from Hib-  
ben & Co., R. Jamieson, Davidson Bros.,  
Challenger & Mitchell and Reifern's.

--Mr. W. Jackson, of the Victoria  
Camp, Woodmen of the World, has re-  
ceived a check for \$1,000 to settle the  
claim of the executors of the estate of  
the late Alex. Erskine.

--Officers and men of the Fifth Regi-  
ment have received a general invitation  
from Lieut.-Col. Rawstone to witness  
a further test of the new 6 inch guns in  
the fort at Macaulay Point at 11 o'clock  
to-morrow morning.

--Rev. D. A. McElroy, Los Angeles, un-  
til recently pastor of St. Andrew's, Nanai-  
mo, arrived from the South yesterday  
and left to-day for Nanaimo where he  
will give evidence at the police investi-  
gation to be held there this week.

--A Winnipeg dispatch says: "A Ros-  
land special published here says a Mont-  
real syndicate represented by James F.  
Wardner, has bought all the unsold town  
lots, 842, at the average price of \$125,  
the largest real estate deal in the his-  
tory of the province."

--Ald. Williams will move at this  
evening's meeting of the city council.  
"That a committee of three be ap-  
pointed to wait upon the local government  
to secure aid towards building the new  
road at Elk Lake to the extent of at  
least one-half the cost."

--The initial concert of the series to  
be given by the Fifth Regiment band in  
the drill hall on Saturday evenings drew  
a very large audience. The programme  
was a popular one and the band respon-  
ded several times to vigorous encores.  
The proceeds of these concerts will be  
used for the fund for the purchase of new  
instruments.

--A novel 100 yard race was witnessed  
on Saturday at the Driving Park, when  
W. J. Deasy of this city was beaten by  
W. Smith, of Seattle. The conditions  
of the race were that Deasy was to get  
25 yards start and run backwards,  
while Smith at scratch was to sprint  
with his face toward the finish. A short  
distance from the stopping point Deasy  
fell and Smith came in a winner.

--The thanksgiving services in con-  
nection with the Victoria West Metho-  
dist church yesterday, were quite a  
success. The Rev. Dr. Wilson preached  
in the morning from 1st Cor. 2:2; and  
Rev. J. F. Betts in the evening from  
Phil. 1:3. Both sermons were very  
much enjoyed. The singing by the  
choir also was very good as well as a  
solo, "In Unison Worth," by Mr. Firth.  
It is universally agreed that the de-  
corations were the most tasteful and at-  
tractive ever seen in the church.

--The crowd was a great one at the  
sacred concert given last night at the  
St. Andrew's R. C. Cathedral and at  
8:30 it was impossible to obtain an en-  
trance. The concert opened with an or-  
gan solo by Mrs. C. A. Lombard, fol-  
lowed by a Gloria, a mass in B flat by  
the choir. Miss Gertrude Marrack sang  
Mascagni's "Ave Maria," as a contralto  
solo, beautifully to the strains of Mr.  
Ernest Wolff's violin obbligato. Mr.  
Wolff followed with a violin solo, which  
was indeed a musical treat. Madame  
Laird then sang an "Ave Maria" as a  
soprano solo. A collection was taken  
up in aid of the choir fund.

--Matt Gann, advance agent of the  
Grand Opera Company, is at the New  
England. The company, which has re-  
ceived flattering notices wherever it has  
appeared, will favor music-loving Vi-  
ctorians with a week of opera. They  
open at the Victoria on the 29th inst.  
Among the artists are Miss Alice John-  
son, Miss Alice Corle (contralto), Miss  
Gertrude Marrack (soprano), Miss Fran-  
cis (soprano), Mr. Robert Dunbar (tenor), Mr. Robert  
Lett (bass), Mr. Sylvian Lanzetta (bari-  
tone), Mr. Kirtland Calhoun, Edith  
Smith and Gilbert Clayton (comedians).

Awarded  
Highest Honors--World's Fair,  
DR. O

**PRICE'S**  
CREAM  
BAKING  
POWDER  
MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free  
from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.  
40 YEARS THIS STANDARD.

These are assisted by a well balanced  
chorus and efficient orchestra.

--New Flinn Haddies at Jameson's.  
--A fry pan for 15 cents at B. A.  
Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

--Preferred by all connoisseurs in  
sauces--The celebrated Yorkshire Relish.  
--Half-dozen cups and saucers and  
half-dozen plates, only \$1 at B. A.  
Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

--Would ladies and gentlemen who  
have promised donations for the hospital  
ball supper kindly send them as early  
as possible on Wednesday morning the  
21st inst. to the View Street entrance  
of the Assembly Hall.

--St. Luke's day was celebrated yester-  
day at St. Luke's church, Cedar  
Hill, by a special dedication festival.  
Rev. J. W. Plinton preached. After  
the evening service sacred music was  
rendered by the choir.

--M. C. Winn's dancing academy  
opens to-night for the winter season.  
Alhambra hall, Yates street, has been  
decorated for the occasion. Mr. Winn  
will include several new dances, among  
the list of those to-night at the acade-  
my.

--Metropolitan Methodist church was  
very prettily decorated for the Harvest  
Festival services held there yesterday  
morning. There was special music by  
the choir and an appropriate sermon by  
the pastor, Rev. Solomon Cleaver. In  
the evening there was a welcome home  
to the seafarers.

--Creighton & Co., merchant tailors,  
71 Yates street, take pleasure in an-  
nouncing the arrival of the fall and win-  
ter wools. They are prepared  
to show the newest and latest designs.  
Everyone wanting fine tailoring should  
call and inspect their goods before pur-  
chasing elsewhere. They buy for cash  
and by so doing can afford to give cus-  
tomers better value for their money  
than any firm in the city.

--Saturday evening death came to one  
of the best known residents in the city  
in the person of Mrs. Anne Jane McNiffe.  
The deceased had been ill for some time.  
She was a native of Stranmore, Orkney Is-  
land, and came to Victoria in 1862. She  
was 53 years of age. Mrs. McNiffe  
leaves four daughters and two sons. The  
funeral will take place from the family  
residence at 9:30 to-morrow morning,  
and half an hour later from St. An-  
drew's R. C. Cathedral.

--A very pretty marriage was solemn-  
ized at St. Barnabas church on Sat-  
urday evening by the Rev. J. B. Haslam.  
The contracting parties being Miss Al-  
lice Newing, of Essex, England and Mr.  
Daniel Cross, of Bolton, England. The  
bride was given away by her brother,  
Mr. Newing, of Saanich. The groom  
was supported by Mr. R. H. Bassett  
and the brides maid was Miss Amelia  
Gill. After the ceremony the happy  
couple and friends proceeded to their  
future home at 118 Bay street, where  
a very enjoyable evening was spent.  
Mr. and Mrs. Cross were the recipients  
of many handsome presents and hearty  
congratulations from their numerous  
friends.

--The programme for the Harvest  
Home festival of the Victoria West  
Methodist church to be held this even-  
ing in Temple's Hall follows: March,  
Mr. Wheeler; song, Mr. W. G. Watson;  
recitation, Sgt. Gibson, R.M.A.; song,  
Mr. J. G. Brown; instrumental duet,  
Master A. Patton, Miss M. Patton;  
song, Miss Johnson; recitation, Miss  
Penwill; song, Mr. Firth; duet, Mr.  
Brown and Mr. Harris; violin solo, Mas-  
ter N. Barker; song, Miss Baker; song,  
Rev. P. C. L. Harris, B.A.; recitation,  
Miss A. Gladding; duet, Miss Baker  
and Miss Lane; reading, Mr. Reynolds;  
instrumental solo, Master P. Shakes-  
peare; song, Mr. Wheeler; song, Mr.  
Shakespeare. God Save the Queen.

--A Christ Church cathedral yester-  
day Rev. Canon Beaudouin referred to  
the late Archbishop of Canterbury. He  
spoke of him as being the representative  
of the historic school of churchmen. His  
chief claim to recognition in the eyes of  
the many, he said, might seem to lie in  
the weight of his personal dignity, or in  
the power of his administrative ability,  
but not so will history read him. In its  
pages he will appear beyond others care-  
ful to preserve the unity of the Catholic  
Church of Christ. By his mission to  
the Christians of the East, in the remote  
regions between the Caucasus and the  
Black Sea, he inaugurated a new and  
wise policy, which more than any other  
thing has brought together the English  
and Eastern communities, so that at the  
very moment when Rome chose to shut  
her eyes to the obvious facts of history,  
as borne witness to even by her own  
great teachers, the Eastern Church is  
expressing herself more cordially dis-  
tanced towards us than at any other  
time since the sixth century. As first  
among preachers of the churches  
Archbishop Benson will claim the re-  
ward of peace-makers. "They shall be  
called the children of God."

--William Will was the first occupant  
of a well filled dock to interview Magis-  
trate Macrae this morning. He was  
accused of having been drunk and on  
Saturday afternoon throwing three  
stones through a Chinaman's window  
on Cormorant street. He was fined \$10  
and condemned to pay \$5 compensation  
to the Chinaman, or in default of pay-  
ment to be imprisoned for a month with  
hard labor. Jim, a Sooke Indian, and  
J. Lodaia, were charged with being  
found drunk. Jim was fined \$5 and  
costs or 12 days imprisonment, and the  
other man was discharged. Salomon  
Martin, for disturbing a meeting of the  
Salvation Army on Saturday last, also  
interviewed Magistrate Macrae. He  
was convicted and fined \$25 and \$5  
costs, or in default one month's im-  
prisonment. George Thompson, for sup-  
plying an Indian named Jim with liquor  
on the 18th inst., was condemned to pay  
a fine of \$50 and \$2 costs, or two  
months' imprisonment. James Phil-  
lips, who was remanded from the 15th  
inst., was called to explain why he  
violated the city streets by-law by erect-  
ing fences on St. Andrew's and Beacon  
streets in the city without obtaining  
permission from the city council. He  
was again remanded until a week from  
to-day.

Backache is almost immediately relieved  
by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed  
and Belladonna Backache Plasters. Try one  
and be free from pain. Price 25 cents.

Hair  
Brushes...

We have just received by direct  
importation from Paris, an elegant  
assortment of Hair Brushes, manu-  
factured by Maury Deschamps, one  
of the leading French manufactur-  
ers. The line embraces the latest  
novelties in all kinds of woods and  
styles of finish. See our windows.

John Cochrane,

Chemist, N. W. Corner Yates and  
Douglas Streets.

## DAY'S SHIPPING NEWS

Glenogil Ready for Sea--British  
Bark Wythop Arrives from  
Liverpool.

Steamers Maude and Danube Return  
--Seafarers Return--Lighthouse  
for Chemalmus.

A Port Townsend dispatch states that  
the steamship Unatilla is moored along-  
side the Union wharf discharging cargo,  
while all the vessel's pumps and one or  
two other pumps furnished by Moran  
Bros. are kept busy pumping out the  
water to keep her afloat. The report of  
the divers is that there are about 42 feet  
of the bottom plates torn away or per-  
forated. There were 1100 tons of cargo  
aboard at the time of the disaster. As  
the freight is removed the pressure of  
the water gradually ceases and the  
pumps have proportionately less diffi-  
culty in keeping the ship afloat. The  
perishable cargo stored in the hold is in  
a very bad condition and most of it will  
be a total loss. There were one thousand  
sacks of sugar stored in the after hold.  
The sacks came out in apparently  
good condition, but the sugar melted in  
the salt water and interfered slightly  
with the working of the pumps. The  
steamer will remain at Port Townsend  
another week before proceeding to the  
Queen'smaster dry dock for repairs.

Anchored off the outer wharf is the  
four-masted British bark Glenogil, Capt.  
D. R. Stevenson, and in her hold is the  
largest salmon cargo ever taken by a  
sailing vessel from a British Columbia  
port. Her manifest is not yet com-  
pleted but it is known that it will con-  
tain over 97,000 cases. She secured  
the greater portion of her cargo at Ste-  
venston, but she failed loading at the  
outer wharf from where she was towed  
on Saturday evening to make way for  
the Drumharg. The Glenogil secured  
quick dispatch from Messrs. Cates &  
McDermott, who have the contract for  
loading nearly all the salmon ships this  
year. The Glenogil looks as if she were  
well able to carry her big cargo around  
the Horn to Liverpool. She is a modern  
steel bark of 2196 tons register. While  
everything about her is built in a sub-  
stantial manner, yet she looks graceful  
and is said to be a fast sailer. She  
will probably be towed to sea on Wed-  
nesday evening.

The steamer Maude, Capt. Roberts, re-  
turned last evening from Quatsno  
Sound and other coast points. In near-  
ly every harbor along the coast there  
were one or two sealing schooners land-  
ing their Indians. All the schooners of  
the Victoria fleet have reached the West  
Coast with the exception of the Dolphin,  
commanded by Capt. Daley. The salmon  
have at last visited Nootka and the new  
cannery there is packing them in large  
numbers. The cohort run has ceased at  
Clayoquot, but the cannery is waiting  
to put up some sockeyes before closing  
down for the season. Among the  
Maude's passengers were R. H. V.  
Kyrke and E. A. Price, who made an  
unsuccessful hunting trip for elk. Capt.  
Hackett, of the Annie C. Moore, W.  
Armstrong, the Alberni stage driver; R.  
McKinley, W. Miles, J. Merrifield, B.  
Grumstead, T. Parr, T. Hooper, E. E.  
Watkins, T. Jacobson, W. Thom, Mrs.  
Spah, G. Logan, J. Gray, Miss Marion  
J. W. Stewart.

Since Saturday three sealing vessels  
have arrived home. They are the Zil-  
ch May, Capt. Balcom, with 821 skins;  
the Seppie, Capt. Wm. Cox, with  
1,002; and the Saucy Lass, Capt. Mar-  
tin, with 550 skins. Captain Hackett,  
of the Annie C. Moore, left his schooner  
on the coast and came home by the  
Maude. She has the largest catch yet  
reported from Behring sea, being 1089.  
On the West Coast are also the Fawn,  
614; C. D. Rand, 580; and the Oscar  
and Hattie, 580. The latter schooner  
met with some very boisterous weather  
in Behring sea, and on September 24th  
was almost swamped. Her decks were  
swept and she lost most of her canvas.  
When the Sapphire left Ounaska sev-  
eral feet of snow had fallen.

Late Saturday night the Northern Pa-  
cific liner Tacoma called at the outer  
wharf on her way to the Orient. Twenty  
Chinese and Japanese boarded her here,  
while from Tacoma there were 22 cabin  
and about 100 steerage passengers. The  
saloon passengers include several east-  
ern missionaries who have been assigned  
stations in China and Japan, among  
them being: Mr. Frank Garrett, Mrs.  
N. Z. Axill, and Misses Ethel Brown  
Garrett, Daisy Macklin, Mary Kelly and  
Ethel Walcott Axill. The Tacoma's  
cargo consisted of over 2500 tons of gen-  
eral merchandise. Frank Alling, of Ta-

## Business Worries

The business man should keep on hand a  
16 oz. bottle of Johnston's Fluid Beef,  
which can be prepared for use in a minute  
with hot water heated over gas or spirit  
lamp.

coma, also sends another consignment  
of apples to Vladivostok.

Yesterday the C. P. N. Co's steamer  
Danube arrived from Rivers Inlet and  
Alert Bay with salmon, the shippers be-  
ing Rivers Inlet Company, 5805 cases;  
Victoria Cannery, 3675 cases; Waimuk,  
1900 cases; Good Hope, 17,700; Alert  
Bay Cannery Co., 1200; total, 25,540  
cases. Her passengers were: H. A.  
Munn, George W. Brewster and wife,  
George Clough, G. Chambers, F. Fen-  
nelly, R. Rider, E. Rody, M. Bernard.

San Francisco, Oct. 19.--Word was  
received here yesterday by C. F. Smith  
& Co., of this city, to the effect that  
their bark, the Sonoma, which recently  
went from Astoria for Vladivostok  
with a general cargo, was ashore at Ha-  
kodate. The Sonoma was a vessel of  
1063 tons capacity, and was built at  
Chelsea, Mass., in 1898.

Although the Emberton left for Liv-  
erpool on October 3 and the Tercera a  
week later, Captain Stevenson has post-  
ed a wager that the Glenogil will be the  
first salmon ship to arrive home. He  
expects to make the voyage in less than  
120 days. Both he and Mrs. Steven-  
son, who sails with him, have made a  
host of friends during their three months  
stay in Victoria.

The marine department has issued the  
following notice to mariners: An iron  
platform buoy, surmounted by a frame-  
work of wood, in the shape of a cone,  
the whole painted black, has been moor-  
ed on the east side of Governor Rock,  
Tricoumsee Channel. The buoy is in  
seven fathoms water, deepening at once  
to the eastward to twenty fathoms.

The branch hydrographic office, cus-  
tom house, Port Townsend, Wash., will  
furnish on application, free of charge,  
full information regarding a number of  
notices to mariners, a local one being:  
"British Columbia, Haro strait, Sidney  
channel, sunken rock off Sidney Island,  
south spit."

The steamer Mexico will leave for  
San Francisco this evening with the  
following Victoria passengers on board:  
Mrs. J. Hall, Mrs. J. L. Cummings, J.  
A. Hunt, E. C. Bingham, Mrs. Calvert,  
Miss B. Peers, Miss Mary Bolton, Mrs.  
J. A. Loxley, Phos. Hind.

The British bark Wythop, Captain  
Edwards, arrived in Royal Roads from  
Liverpool this morning after a voyage  
of 153 days. She has a cargo of gen-  
eral merchandise for Victoria merchants  
and is consigned to R. P. Rithet & Co.

The wholehark collier City of Ever-  
ett arrived in Esquimalt to-day to enter  
the dry dock for the purpose of repair-  
ing damages sustained by striking a  
rock in Departure Bay on Friday last.

Captain Gaudin, agent of marine and  
fisheries, will leave for Chemalmus in a  
few days to locate a site for the new  
lighthouse that will shortly be erected  
there by the department.

Three Seattle schooners have reached  
home with the following Behring Sea  
catches: Decha 509, Columbia 409 and  
Behring Sea 644.

The Alaskan steamer Alki will call at  
the outer wharf for northern mails and  
passengers to-morrow.

Intermediate Travelling Commis-  
sioner Higgins, of the Salvation Army,  
came over from the Sound on Saturday  
last, and a welcome banquet was given  
in his honor by the local corps. A meet-  
ing followed, the commissioner addressing  
the large and appreciative audience. At  
the meeting on Sunday evening Commis-  
sioner Higgins spoke of the principles  
and work of the Salvation Army, giving  
an account of how the general started it  
in the slums of London. He also touch-  
ed on the question of General Booth's  
support. The general, he said, gets for  
his personal expenses the rents of sev-  
eral buildings in London, amounting to  
about £200 a year, which some gentle-  
men, who, by the way, are outside of  
the Salvation Army, have donated for  
this purpose. He does not draw nor ever  
has drawn anything for his personal  
support from the funds of the Salvation  
Army. Commissioner Higgins also spoke  
of the army's work in the various coun-  
tries which he has visited. He left by  
the steamer Yosemite yesterday even-  
ing and will address a meeting in Van-  
couver to-night. Ensign Dr. Rice, who  
accompanies him, played several sacred  
selections on the violin in a manner  
which proclaimed him to be a musician  
of no mean order.

Woods and Dean, the Vancouver bi-  
cycling tourists, got in from Rocky Point  
at 3:10 o'clock this afternoon. They  
started for the point at 10:20 this morn-  
ing. They lost the road, neither having  
been over it before. They started on  
their tour yesterday morning at 7:30,  
when they left Nanaimo for Wellington,  
making the run in about 18 minutes.  
Then they started for Victoria. When  
near Chemalmus, however, Woods came  
to grief, puncturing his tire and break-  
ing a crank. He rode on until near  
Shawnigan lake with the broken crank.  
Then giving it up he came in on the  
trail. Dean continued the run and got  
here about 8:50 o'clock yesterday even-  
ing, making the run of 102 miles in 10  
hours. The roads, they say, are in  
good condition to-morrow they will  
wheel back to Nanaimo, and from there  
take the boat to Vancouver.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver  
Pills? They are a positive cure for sick  
headache, and all the ills produced by dis-  
ordered liver. Only one pill a dose.

Hunting knives, pocket knives, tal-  
cutters, razors and shears at Fox's, 78  
Govt. street. See our razor strops.

## Our Clothing Store Alphabet.

Artic underwear.  
Boys suits.  
Cardigan jackets.  
Dress shirts.  
Elegant neckwear.  
Fine furnishings.  
Gentlemen's gloves.  
Hats and caps.  
Incomparable bargains.  
Jackets and vests.  
Knobby neckwear.  
Latest styles.  
Macintoshes and waterproofs.

Negligee shirts.  
Oiled clothing.  
Pruned prices.  
Quality guaranteed.  
Rubber coats.  
Suspenders mens and boys.  
Tape measures.  
Umbrellas and underwear.  
Valises and bags.  
Warranted overalls.  
Extra fine nightgowns.  
You'll find us square dealers.  
Zealous to please.

CAMERON, The Cash Clothier,  
55 Johnson Street.

## Slippers

For the Hospital Ball are now in demand.  
We have them in White Kid and in Blue,  
Pink, Cream, Canary, Heliotrope, and  
Black. Ratin Ornamented with Beads or  
Plain. Also Men's Patent Leather Pumps.  
The Biggest Assortment and Best Prices.

A. B. Erskine,

COR GOVERNMENT and JOHNSON STS.

## SURPRISE SOAP

AT  
HARDRESS CLARKE'S,  
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

## Out for a Walk

Or a call in the afternoon or evening, then an AIR-TIGHT HEATER is a  
necessity. It keeps the house warm and comfortable during your absence;  
no danger of fire from sparks; requires no attention; burns all night; uses  
but half the fuel of an ordinary stove; and no ashes to clean out in the  
morning.

Perry's Sheet Metal Works,

Corner Broad Street and Trounce Avenue.

## Gold and Silver Mines

ARE NOTHING TO WHAT YOU CAN GAIN BY BUYING YOUR  
Boots and Shoes . . .  
AT  
JIM MAYNARD'S, 119 Douglas Street, opp. City Hall.

## The San Pedro

has her side knocked out and her bot-  
tom stove in and she is filled with water. But how different with Dick's Old  
Country boots, which never let in a drop; neither can the damp strike through  
them. Waterproof boots are surely a boon for the coming wet season. Try a  
pair.

OLD COUNTRY BOOT STORE, 91 Johnson Street.

## SEAGRAM'S WHISKEY

THE SOLE AGENTS ARE  
R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd., Wharf St.

HOLTE'S PATENT  
Glasses  
Accurately  
Adjusted  
F. W. Holte & Co  
The Only Opticians  
37 Fort Street.

## TO SEALERS. BULBS!

For the storage of sealing boats  
and sails, consult

SPRATT & MACAULAY,  
603 1/2 W Spratt's Wharf.

Insure Your Life

In the LEADING CANADIAN COM-  
PANY.

The Sun Life Assurance Co.,

OF CANADA

A. H. HARMAN & CO., Agents,  
44 Broad Street, VICT. B.I.A.

My annual importations of CHOICE  
DUTCH BULBS have arrived from Hol-  
land, in fine condition; also FINE FRESH  
GRASS SEED.

WM. DODDS,

FLORIST, 297 Fort St.

WING ON,

MERCHANT, COMMISSION AGENT  
and INTELLIGENCE OFFICE

44 Broad Street, VICT. B.I.A. 30 Corn-vent Street. F. COTTELA, B.O.





## CHAPTER XVII.—A NEW SURPRISE.

"You sound!"

Fairly blinded with anger, the dismayed and routed Le Britta sprang forward to wreak summary vengeance on the shy, disconcerting rogue who had baffled his skill completely.

With a groan of anguish the photographer comprehended the terribly disastrous denouement of the scene that had begun with an augury of certain triumph.

Ralph Durand had sank back into the arm-chair, with the glowing, exultant face of a fiend rampant and satisfied.

"Ha! ha!" he chuckled, jeeringly, "who is master now, my smart picture peddler? Your work goes for naught!"

"Let me see. I offered you one thousand dollars for your picture. I would not give one thousand cents just now! Gather up the fragments, my over-sanguine meddler! They will sell for old glass!"

Le Britta was too overcome to speak. The helplessness of his position, the wild victory of his opponent, the uselessness of further discussion all occurred to his mind, as a glance at the glass-littered carpet showed the wreck and ruin wrought by the well-directed iron missile in the brawny hand of Ralph Durand.

He glared once at the scoundrel, whom he could have annihilated with a look. Then, turning, he slowly walked from the room and the house, uttering a single bitter, ominous, echoing word of warning—

"Wait!"

Ralph Durand laughed, mockingly and gleefully. He rubbed his hardened palms together, he gloated over his enemy's downfall, he chuckled, he capered.

Long after Le Britta had got out of sight of the villa, he sang and danced, and poured down liberal potations of fiery brandy, little reckoning of a change destined to come over the spirit of his dreams ere many days of his worthless, scheming existence had passed away.

As to Le Britta, that tramp back to the village was the bitterest walk of his life. He blamed himself for all that had occurred. He reproached and deprecated now the blind over-confidence that, tempting him single-handed, to oppose a crafty foe had led him into the greatest error of his life.

But all that was past now and added to pity for wandering Gladys and his keen sense of justice was a smarting sense of defeat that spurred him on to take up anew the cudgel against Ralph Durand as a personal foe against whom he bore an especial personal grudge.

What should he do, what could he do? The old wily giving Durand full control of the Vernon fortune and therefore an undisputed ownership over Gladys Vernon herself could never be annulled now. The unscrupulous scoundrel was free by clear sanction of the law and Gideon Vernon's expression of utter confidence in his power to wreak this royal estate, render his rightful legatee an outcast, and defy her helpless friends.

Oh! it was bitter, torturing, cruel to realize, and worst of all, the object of his persecutions, Gladys, was a wanderer, a fugitive. Her lover, Sydney Vance, had disappeared, and the threads of their lives commingled in a tangled skein the solution to which the crafty Durand alone possessed.

There was an element of the indomitable and stubborn in Jera Le Britta's nature. It had marked important and vital issues in his life in the past. Just now it spurred him on to action. His duty was to return home. He had done all he could to right a great wrong and had failed, but he could not confess himself beaten; he could not endure the thought that he had undertaken a great task and had failed in its accomplishment and must perforce shrink from the field with drooping colors.

"I will learn the truth. I will evolve consistency from this tangled complication!" he uttered fervently, and just arrived at that conclusion he came face to face at the edge of the town with the village lawyer.

Mr. Munson greeted him cordially, more than that, effusively. His thoughtful eyes glowed with excitement as he intuitively traced in Le Britta's presence there a subtle connection with the Vernon interests.

"What news?" he queried expectantly.

"None of any great cheer or encouragement," replied the photographer in a depressed tone. "And you?"

"The doctor and myself have sent a detective to trace and bring back poor Gladys."

"Has he found her?"

"Not yet. Another officer is looking out for her to-day. It takes time to follow an obscure trail. We shall have some word shortly."

"I hope so," murmured Le Britta. "I have something to tell you."

"Yes?"

"But not of a very inspiring nature."

"Your face tells me that."

Le Britta related his story of the discovery and fate of the glass negative.

The lawyer looked startled at the thrilling recital.

"Too bad!" he commenced when the photographer had completed his graphic narrative; "too bad indeed!"

"The negative was an important clue?"

"Decisive I should say; but we won't cry over spilled milk. That scoundrel of a Durand is a desperate man but we shall catch him napping yet."

"I doubt it."

"The slickest rogues forget to bar their doors, sometimes."

"He is always on his guard."

"You talk hopelessly."

"Of finding out something by remaining quietness?—Yes, I believe in personal effort, Mr. Munson; I do not pretend to any particular detective ability, but I am going to try to see what I can do by watching this knave. For all we know, he has tracked Gladys. He may have her a captive somewhere, he may connive at her death. He may have some scheme to later come in and inherit or claim the property personally. The stake he plays for is a large one, and he will win, if left undisturbed."

The lawyer looked impressed and serious.

"You are talking sense, Mr. Le Britta," he remarked, gravely.

"Of course," pursued the photographer, "I am a comparative stranger to Miss Vernon, but I have a heart, sympathies, that impel me to do my duty. I shall, find this poor girl. I cannot rest until I know her fate. I shall make all my arrangements to devote a week, or months if need be, in her behalf."

"In other words, you will personally take up the trail?"

"Yes."

The lawyer's eyes sparkled with genuine admiration, and he grasped Le Britta's hand warmly.

"You are a noble man, Mr. Le Britta!" he murmured, with strong emotion. "I can rely on you. Command my co-operation and my bank account. I feel now that we will succeed."

Once started on a case, Jera Le Britta was a hard man to dissuade from his purpose. He remained at the village that day and the next, "looking over the ground," as he called it.

What he learned he did not impart to either the lawyer or the doctor, for it consisted of trivial suspicions and suggestions.

"To-morrow," he said to the lawyer that night, "I shall obtain a suitable disguise; to-morrow I shall take up the trail at Hawthorne villa. First, I shall strive to locate the missing Sydney Vance."

"And not Gladys?" ejaculated the lawyer, surprised.

"No; for she, I am sanguine, is resolute in hiding from friend and foe alike. Vance, on the contrary, I feel sure, is a prisoner in the power of Ralph Durand, or has been murdered by him. Fasten such a crime on Durand, or find Vance and get his story of the death of Gideon Vernon, and we have a tangible basis to proceed upon. Then, Durand once exposed, do not fear but that Gladys will return. She will be watching the outcome of events at Hawthorne villa from a distance, rest assured of that."

"The best-laid plans of men and mice gang oft agley!" however, as Jera Le Britta realized that evening.

For, on the eve of devoting all his energies toward probing the great Vernon mystery personally, that very evening the clerk at the hotel handed him a sealed envelope.

It was a telegraphic dispatch, and was dated that afternoon from his home.

"Return at once" read the mystifying message. "Vernon case, important."

And it was signed stranger still, by his old-time friend Dr. Richard Milton.

CHAPTER XVIII.—"FINDERS KEEPERS."

Jera Le Britta was surprised more than that, absolutely startled as he perused the innocent-looking message that bore so strange and unexpected a revelation.

Its mandate advising urgency was peremptory, its wording mysterious. At first, he feared that it might indicate trouble in his business. A year previous, a fire had caused havoc and disruption of business temporarily in his studio, and he had experienced anxiety ever since on the same score. Illness in his family, too, might be imminent. But, no! neither business nor domestic complication had incited the telegram, the photographer felt sure of that after a second perusal, for the mystic interpretation, "Vernon case," betrayed the real, actuating influence behind the action of his friend Doctor Milton.

"What can it mean? Vernon case!" cogitated the startled Le Britta. "Doctor Dick is no sensationalist, no alarmist. He's too cool and methodical for that. He knows all about the Vernons, for I told him. Can it be possible that he has made some important discovery—some new evidence in the case?"

Pshaw! that is impossible. Has he found a trace of Gladys accidentally? Scarcely, what then? The only way to find out is to return home. Yes, I must leave affairs in abeyance here for a few days. I must learn what Dick has discovered."

Le Britta took the first train homeward-bound. Late as the hour was when he reached his destination, he went straight to the office of his friend. A light showed at its outside window.

"Come in."

"Jera!"

"You got my message?"

"I would not be here if I hadn't for I was deep in mystery and work. What is it," queried the photographer, eagerly.

"What I telegraphed you, the Vernon case."

"Why! Dick?"

"You wonder how I come to discover anything about it, snap off home, away from its center of operation."

"It puzzles me, I must confess."

"Still, I have."

"Ah! a trace of the girl?"

"Primarily, yes."

"You mean that you have found out where she is hiding?"

"Not at all."

"Then?"

"Yesterday," and Doctor Milton drew a newspaper from a table near by. "I chanced to look over a journal published in a city not a hundred miles from here."

"Go on."

"Glancing over its columns, I came upon a queer reading advertisement."

"What was it?"

"Read for yourself."

Doctor Milton folded down the paper, and his finger marking a column headed "Personal" indicated one of the advertisements under that heading.

Eagerly Le Britta perused the little item. It read:—

"G. V. Communicate with me at H. V. immediately. I and I alone have news of S. V. Would you save him? Then do not delay. R. D."

Le Britta looked up with an excited face.

"You understand?" queried the doctor, in an impressive tone.

"Yes; a message from Ralph Durand to Gladys Vernon, telling her to write to Hawthorne villa if she would save her missing lover, Sydney Vance."

"Exactly. It struck me the minute I saw the initials, for I remembered all you had told me about this strangely mysterious case."

"It proves what I have surmised all along."

"And that is?"

"That Ralph Durand was instrumental in the disappearance of Sydney Vance, since now we know where he is."

"It looks that way."

"Durand knows that through Vance only can he influence Gladys to return to the villa."

"But why should he wish it?"

"That his future plottings will show. And this was why you telegraphed me? Not at all."

"Oh!" ejaculated Le Britta, vaguely. "There is something else?"

"Yes."

"What? Hello! What's that, Dick? A visitor—some one overhearing our conversation?"

Le Britta had started quite violently, for just then from the next apartment echoed a faint sound like the moan or sigh of a human voice.

"No listener, no fear of that Jera, but some one is there."

"Who?"

"The man whose strange discovery caused me to send that telegram."

"Ah!" exclaimed Le Britta, excitedly. "You put me on notice, Dick? A visitor in my telegram," pursued the doctor, "I referred to him, listen."

Briefly, Doctor Milton told the story of the injured tramp. He explained how he had come to take him from pity under his own roof, and dwelt particularly on the sufferer's ravings about being rich about his secrets, and about Hawthorne villa.

"It startled me, Jera," explained the doctor, "to hear a tramp, a stranger, mention names fresh in my memory from your lips in connection with the Vernon case that very same day. It puzzled and interested me. I watched. I studied the man. For days I have been working over him. This morning I arranged a great experiment to save his arm. To-night, the symptoms of brain suffering were so definite, that I fear he is beyond surgical aid, and I sent for you."

"Then you have made some new discovery about him?"

"Yes; early this afternoon he had quite a lucid spell. He made me tell him all about his injuries. When I had done so he became despairingly, and told me that while he knew my experiment might have saved him from becoming a cripple had he lived, he felt that he was doomed."

"And you think so?"

"I fear it. The injury to the brain is permanent. Then I began to question him about his singular reference to Hawthorne villa."

"And what did he say?"

"At first he fought shy of making any revelation. He kept muttering that 'finders were keepers,' and that he was 'rich, rich, rich.' Then, some sudden twinge of pain caused him to think of his dreaded death. He grew frightened, then grateful for the great kindness of an utter stranger; as he chose to consider my slight services, and then he burst into tears, and said that he would tell me all his story."

"Dick, you interest me deeply!" exclaimed the absorbed Le Britta, startled and hopeful at the same time.

"He was a tramp, he said," continued Doctor Milton, "and a tramp with rather a low estimate of honesty. A certain night, and Jera, he named the very night that Gideon Vernon was murdered at Hawthorne villa, he was in its vicinity. He said it was about dusk, and as he was just going around to the back door of the mansion to beg a mouthful of food, he saw a man, an old man, a gentleman himself, he afterwards ascertained to a certainty, climb from the window of his sick-room out into the garden."

"Oh! that is impossible," ejaculated the incredulous Le Britta.

It seemed so to him, for the photographer had not been aware of the tragic incident of the last hour of Gideon Vernon's life—of his dread and discovery of the lurking Durand, the strong stimulant he had taken, of how he had sought to remove the iron box from the cabinet, so that the lurker by no chance might secure and despoil it.

"The tramp is positive," continued the doctor. "He says his curiosity was evoked, and he hid and then followed Mr. Vernon. His curiosity was aroused as he saw him open the cover of the box, and a royal store of jewels and bank notes showed. Mr. Vernon hurried through the garden, reached the ravine behind it, and suddenly disappeared behind a rock. By some secret ledge unknown to the tramp, he reached a spot down the cliff-side. The tramp marked the place—the rock, the shelf of stone."

Mr. Vernon returned empty-handed. He could scarcely stagger back to the house for weakness. Evidently fearing Durand, he had hidden his available treasure. The tramp still followed him. He saw him return to the house. The next morning he came to locate the ravine, intent upon finding the treasure. Then he heard of Mr. Vernon's murder. It frightened him. Here he was, a suspicious character, hanging around the villa. They might suspect him."

"What did he do?"

"Fled from the place; first, however, carefully noting the spot in the vicinity of which the little iron box had surely been secreted. Mr. Vernon had allied with the secret of his hiding-place locked in his breast. The tramp felt that he had a right to it. He decided to remain away until the 'murder-scams,' as he termed it, was over. Then he would return, secure it, and enjoy a fortune which, to his loose code of morals, came under the heading, 'finders keepers.'"

Jera Le Britta was deeply startled at this graphic narrative. He realized how reasonable it all was. But what did the box contain? Was it really valuable?

"The tramp," began Doctor Milton again, "then told me that this box he could direct me to. He bequeathed it to me, if he died. I smiled at the idea of consenting to receive other people's money, but I knew how glad you would be to secure even this faint clue to a new complication in a case that interested you. About to tell me something more, the tramp fell back—insensible again. He cannot stand many more of these fainting shocks, I thought it best to send for you, and telegraphed you."

"And the man?"

"Has lain in a state of coma ever since."

"With his secret half told?"

"As you know."

"Doctor," spoke Le Britta, energetically, "you must revive him!"

"It may be impossible."

"Temporarily?"

"I can try it."

"He must tell us definitely where that box is hidden."

Doctor Milton took up a medicine case, extracted a small, delicate, hypodermic syringe, and filled it with some colorless liquid from a phial.

"Come," he said, "I will try to revive the man. I will try to secure the secret of the hiding-place of Gideon Vernon's box of valuables."

(To be Continued.)

## STILL IN HIS PRIME.

North Hastings' Oldest Inhabitant Male and Hearty.

Josias Moore, of Bancroft, Ont., one of the oldest and best-known residents of Hastings County, can boast of wonderful health and vigor for his age.

"Although I am over 84 years of age," he says, "I feel as young as ever I did."

Mr. Moore, however, had a narrow escape from death about a year ago. "I was so bad with indigestion," he writes, "that the doctors gave me up. I tried various alleged remedies but found them no good. One day our popular druggist, F. C. Humphries, sent me a sample of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to try. The result was marvelous. After taking two I was able to get up. Then I sent for a box. I could soon eat anything. In a short time I was able to walk two miles, to Bancroft and back, with ease."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will, without fail, cure all kidney, liver, stomach and blood troubles. For sale by all dealers. Price 25 cents. One pill a dose; one cent a dose. Edmondson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto.

Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is the latest discovery for coughs, asthma, and consumption. It is pleasant, quick and certain. 25 cents.

"We supply shaving outfits that we guarantee. Get one at For's, 78 Government street."

## DROWNED IN THE COLUMBIA.

Two Men Drowned on Saturday—Boat Became Unmanageable.

Revelstoke, Oct. 18.—Two men, named J. McArthur and Dyell were drowned in the Columbia river on Saturday. They were towing a boat loaded with supplies for the Big Bend, up the rapids, when the boat became unmanageable, pulling both into the river with the above result. J. McArthur is from New Westminster and Dyell from Port Saskatchewan, the former being married. The bodies have been recovered.

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AUCTION SALES.

By Order of the Mortgagees.

Important Sale of First Class Business Property in the City of Vancouver, B. C.

Mr. J. S. Rankin, Auctioneer, will sell by Public Auction, at his Auction Rooms, in the Thompson-Ogle Block, 623 Hastings street, Vancouver, B.C., on THURSDAY, the 19th day of NOVEMBER, 1896, at 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon:

1. The east half of lot 14, in block 8, part of old Granville townsite, now the City of Vancouver.

This property fronts 32 feet, or thereabouts, on Water street, and is covered or partly covered with the warehouse and premises, now or lately occupied by Messrs. Major & Eldridge. The buildings are of brick and stone, and are fitted and suitable for a large wholesale provision or general merchandise business. They comprise three stories and a basement, with cold storage and plant and machinery for same. The sale includes all fixed machinery, at the rate of the proceeds in a selling commission with the C.P.R. Co. per cent's line.

2. Lot 7, in block 25, subdivision of District lot 541, City of Vancouver.

This property is situated on Hastings street, between the building in course of erection by Messrs. Innes, Richards & McKay and the Dubreuil block; and its position is second to none in the city for the erection of business premises in the city.

TERMS.—Fifteen per cent, on the purchase price at the time of the sale, the balance on the 1st of January, 1897.

For further particulars and condition of sale apply to Messrs. Wilson & Campbell, solicitors, Vancouver, B.C., or to

J. S. RANKIN, Auctioneer, 623 Hastings street, Vancouver.

## Corporation of the City of Victoria

Receipts and Expenditure for the Nine Months, Ending 30th September, 1896.

PUBLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 92 OF THE MUNICIPAL CLAUSEN ACT, 1896.

RECEIPTS:	EXPENDITURE:
Cash on Hand January 1, 1896.....	City Debt.....
Bank of B. N. A.....	Municipal Council.....
Land and Improvement Tax.....	Civil Salaries.....
Water Rates and Rents.....	City Institutions maintenance.....
Trades Licenses.....	Buildings and surveys.....
Liquor Licenses.....	Streets, Bridges and Sidewalks.....
The Insurance Co. of B. C.....	Miscellaneous.....
Police Court Fines and Fees.....	Board of Health.....
Road Tax.....	
Pro. House Tax.....	
Cemetery Fees.....	
Dox Tax.....	
Paint Tax.....	
Market Fines and Rents.....	
Board of Health.....	
Board of Health, Special Rate.....	
Board of Health, Special Rate.....	
Pro. Gov. per capita grant.....	
Special Rate.....	
Pro. Gov. in aid of P. & O. Dept.....	
Consolidated Ry. Co. re Bridges.....	
Miscellaneous Receipts.....	
\$133,909.17	\$235,905.1

Certified Correct.

JAS. L. RAYMUR, CHAS. KENT,

Auditor. Treasurer.

City Hall, 14th October, 1896

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## INLAND FISHERIES

Rating of Supreme Court of Canada on Dominion and Provincial Jurisdiction.

Generally in Favor of Provinces—Case to be Appealed to the Privy Council.

Ottawa, Oct. 15.—The question of jurisdiction over fisheries and the status of the provinces and the Dominion in inland non-navigable waters, decided today by the supreme court of Canada, is one of the greatest importance and will be appealed for the decision of the judicial committee of the privy council in England when the matter will be finally set at rest. The question first arose in the case of the Queen vs. Robertson, decided by the supreme court of Canada in 1883. That was a case where the right of the minister of marine and fisheries to lease a portion of the Miramichi river for the purpose of fishing was challenged. Mr. C. A. Robertson being interested in the enjoyment of the fishing. The court held that the general power of regulating and protecting fisheries is in the parliament of Canada but that the license granted by the minister of marine and fisheries was void because the law only authorized the granting of licenses "where the exclusive right of fishing belonged to the owner of the land through which the river flowed." It was also held that the exclusive right of fishing belonged to the owner of the land through which the river flowed. The court also held that the exclusive right of fishing belonged to the owner of the land through which the river flowed.

In the argument before the court in 1883 Mr. Christopher Robinson represented the Dominion and the senior counsel for Ontario was Mr. Edward Blake. It was contended on behalf of the Dominion that section 91 of the British North America Act vested in the Dominion parliament authority to legislate respecting the sea coast and inland fisheries, and that the right of control, including the issue of licenses for fishing privileges was vested in the Dominion government, which claimed the ownership of the beds of all rivers, tidal or non-tidal, navigable or non-navigable, engrafted at the time of the passing of the British North America Act; also the ownership of the beds of so much waters of lakes as were occupied by improvements forming part of the public works of any of the provinces. The Dominion also claimed the exclusive right of fishing in the waters of all the fresh water lakes, more especially the chain of great lakes. Great stress was laid on the fact that the exclusive power to make laws in respect to navigation was vested in the Dominion and special considerations were presented in reference to navigable rivers forming part of the boundary between the Dominion and the United States, and the same international reason applied to the great lakes and it was pointed out that these great lakes have been held by the supreme court of the United States to come within the term of "high seas." It was submitted that if the beds of such lakes are held to be vested in the Dominion it must be in right of the Dominion and not of the respective provinces. The Dominion also claimed the exclusive jurisdiction not only over the regulation, protection and preservation of fisheries but over "fisheries." The right to take fish was a definition given to "fishery" and it was held that this was property subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Dominion in the same way as other property is subject to provincial jurisdiction. The Dominion contended that the Dominion parliament had no jurisdiction in all waters the Dominion parliament may exercise complete control and that the provinces could not issue fishing licenses even for the purpose of raising a revenue because it was not direct taxation, and it was submitted that the legislature of Ontario had no jurisdiction to enact the forty-seventh section of the Revised Statutes, chapter 42, so far as it purports to authorize sales and appropriations of lands covered by water in harbors, rivers or other navigable waters in Ontario.

In behalf of the provinces, the argument of Mr. Blake may be taken as covering the main points. He submitted that the beds of all waters not granted before Confederation are under the British North America Act, the property of the provinces. The question of public lands was dealt with separately, and it was contended that the proprietary right of the Dominion in public harbors exists only in such harbors as were the property of the province at Confederation and had no previous legislation been declared to be public harbors and provincial property. It was further contended that there is no proprietary right in the waters of the Dominion in the waters, in order to maintain the effectiveness of the legislative powers for the purposes of navigation. The distinction was drawn between the franchise of the port which is common to all subjects and the property of its soil.

The following is an extract from the judgment of the present chief justice of the supreme court in the case of the Queen vs. Robertson:

No principle of law can be better established than the rule which ascribes the ownership of the soil and bed of a non-navigable river prima facie to riparian proprietors of the opposite banks. And again:

It results from the proprietorship of the riparian owner of the soil in the bed of the river that he has the exclusive right of fishing in so much of the bed of the river as belongs to him, and this is not a proprietary right in the nature of an easement, but is strictly a right of property.

On the question as to where the jurisdiction rests to authorize fishing, the case for the provinces is well founded on the judgment of the late Chief Justice Ritchie in the case of the Queen vs. Robertson. He said:

"I cannot discover the slightest trace of an intention on the part of the Imperial parliament to convey to the Dominion government any property in the beds of streams or in the fisheries incident to the ownership thereof, or to confer on the Dominion parliament

power to appropriate or dispose of them, and receive therefor large rentals; but on the contrary, I find all the property it was intended to vest in the Dominion specifically set forth."

The provinces also claimed the right to make provisions to protect their interests as proprietors and the interest of the private owners in respect of fish.

The following questions were submitted by His Excellency the Governor-General-in-Council for the purpose of determining the questions in this case:

1. Did the beds of all lakes, rivers, public harbors and other waters or any of them, situate within the territorial limits of the several provinces and not granted before Confederation, become under the British North America Act property of the Dominion or the property of the province in which the same are situate, and is there in that respect, any, and what distinction between the various classes of waters, whether tidal or non-tidal, navigable or non-navigable, or between the so-called great lakes, such as Superior, Erie and other lakes, or the so-called great rivers, such as the St. Lawrence, Ottawa, Richelieu, etc., and other rivers, or between waters directly and immediately connected with the sea coast and waters not so connected, or between other waters and waters separating (and so far as they do separate) two or more provinces of the Dominion from one another, or between other waters, and waters separating (and so far as they do separate) the Dominion from the territory of a foreign nation?

2. Is the act of the Dominion parliament, Revised Statutes of Canada, chapter 92 intitled, "An Act respecting certain works constructed in or over navigable waters," an act which the Dominion parliament had the jurisdiction to pass either in whole or in part?

3. If not, in case the bed and banks of a lake or navigable river belong to a province and the province makes a grant of land extending into the lake or river for the purpose of there being built thereon a wharf, warehouse or the like, has the grantee a right to build thereon accordingly, subject to the work not interfering with the navigation of the lake or river?

4. In case the bed of a public harbor or any portion of the bed of a public harbor at the time of confederation had not been granted by the Crown, has the province a like jurisdiction in regard to the making a grant as and for the purpose in preceding paragraph stated, subject to not thereby interfering with navigation, or other full use of the harbor as a harbor, and subject to any Dominion legislation within the competence of the Dominion parliament?

5. Have riparian proprietors before Confederation an exclusive right of fishing in non-navigable lakes, rivers, streams and waters, the beds of which had been granted to them by the Crown?

6. Has the Dominion parliament the jurisdiction to authorize the giving by lease, license or otherwise to lessees, licensees, or other grantees, the right of fishing in such waters as mentioned in the last question, or any and which of them?

7. Has the Dominion parliament exclusive jurisdiction to authorize the giving by lease, license, or otherwise to lessees, licensees, or other grantees, the right of fishing in such waters as mentioned in the last question, or any and which of them?

8. Has the Dominion parliament such jurisdiction as regards navigable or non-navigable waters, the beds and banks of which are assigned to the provinces respectively under the British North America Act, if any such are so assigned?

9. If the Dominion parliament has such jurisdiction as mentioned in the preceding three questions, has a provincial legislature jurisdiction for the purpose of provincial revenue, or otherwise to require the Dominion lessee, licensee or other grantee to take out a provincial license also?

10. Has the Dominion parliament jurisdiction to pass section 4 of the revised statutes of Canada, chapter 95, intitled, "An Act respecting Fisheries and Fishing," or any other the provisions of the said act, or any, and which of such several sections, or any and what parts thereof respectively?

11. Had the Dominion parliament jurisdiction to pass section 4 of the revised statutes of Canada, chapter 95 intitled, "An Act respecting Fisheries and Fishing," or any other of the provisions of the said act, so far as they respectively relate to fishing in waters, the beds of which do not belong to the Dominion and are not Indian lands?

12. If not, has the Dominion parliament any jurisdiction in respect of fisheries, except to pass general laws not derogating from the property in the waters constituting the beds of such waters as aforesaid or from rights incident to the ownership by the provinces and others but (subject to such property and rights) providing for the regulation, protection, improvement and preservation of fisheries, as, for example, by forbidding the fish to be taken at improper seasons, preventing the use of improper manner or with improper engines, prohibiting obstructions in ascending rivers and the like?

13. Had the legislature of Ontario the jurisdiction to enact the 47th section of the revised statutes of Ontario, chapter 24, intitled, "An Act respecting the sale and management of public lands," and sections 5 and 13, both inclusive, and sections 19 and 21 both inclusive, of the Ontario Act of 1892, intitled, "An Act for the protection of the provincial fisheries," or any, and which of such several sections, or any and what parts thereof respectively?

14. Had the legislature of Quebec jurisdiction to enact sections 1375 and 1378, inclusive, of the revised statutes of Quebec, or any and which of the said sections, or any and what parts thereof?

15. Has a province jurisdiction to legislate in regard to providing fishways in dams, sluices and other constructions, and otherwise to regulate and protect fisheries within the province, subject to and so far as may conflict with any laws passed by the Dominion parliament within its constitutional competence?

16. Has the Dominion parliament power to declare what shall be deemed an interference with navigation and require its sanction to any work or erection, in or filling up of navigable waters?

17. Had riparian proprietors before Confederation an exclusive right of fishing in navigable non-tidal lakes, rivers, streams and waters, the beds of which

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had not been granted to them by the Crown?

The chief justice of the court announced that there were shades of difference in the opinions of the court, but a general agreement among the majority, consisting of Chief Justice Strong, Justices Taschereau, King and Gauthier. The questions were answered as follows:

1. The beds of public harbors belong to the Dominion.  
2. Yes.  
3. Yes.  
4. Determined by answer to No. 1.  
5. Yes.  
6. 7, 8, No.  
9. The Dominion has no such jurisdiction.  
10. and 11. Yes.  
12. The jurisdiction of the Dominion is limited to the passing of general laws.  
13, 14, 15 and 16. Yes.  
17. Yes.

The case is so complicated that it is difficult to say off-hand what the effect of the judgment is, except that it is generally in favor of the provinces. The lands of public harbors are declared to belong to the Dominion, and, as a consequence, the right of fishing therein belongs to the Dominion. The Dominion has also control of water within the Indian reserves. The Dominion has no power to grant a lease for fishing in any part of the Dominion. In tidal waters neither the Dominion nor the provinces has any power to restrict the public right of fishing, but the Dominion has the regulating here as elsewhere. The Ontario fishery act is good and the Dominion fishery act almost wholly bad. The judgment confirms the judgment in the Queen vs. Robertson, with respect to non-navigable waters, but extends the same rule of law to apply to navigable rivers and great lakes, the beds of which are wholly within the provinces, the right to fish therein being a public common right, subject to provincial legislation. The Dominion is confined to powers of conservancy and the regulation of fisheries, and the Dominion has power to enact the imposition of a general license upon all persons fishing, but such licenses cannot be restricted to any particular locality. The Dominion power is general and cannot give license for any particular lake or river. The provinces, while not getting all they ask, are nevertheless, given by this judgment, much of the jurisdiction and authority exercised by the Dominion.

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Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.  
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SUNDAYS.  
Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.  
Leave Sidney at 10:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

Still the Fastest.

BUFFET GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TO ALL POINTS EAST.

ROCK BALLAST—NO DUST.

The Shortest Route to Kootenay Points.

Overland leaves Seattle 10 a.m. Coast line 2:15 a.m. Overland arrives Seattle 7:30 a.m. Coast line 5:30 p.m.

For further information call on or address R. C. STEVENS, J. H. ROGERS, Agt. G.W.P.A., Seattle. 75 Government St.

OCEANIC S.S. CO. HAWAII, SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND, AUSTRALIA. 6 DAYS TO HONOLULU BY S.S. AUSTRALIA.

SS. MONOWAI sails via HONOLULU and AUCKLAND for SYDNEY, Thursday, November 12th, at 3 p.m.

S.S. AUSTRALIA for HONOLULU only, Tuesday, October 20th, at 10 a.m.

Line to COOLIDGE, Aust., and CAPE TOWN, South Africa.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., Agents, 111 Montgomery Street, Freight Office, 37 Market St., San Francisco.

TO ALL POINTS ON PUGET SOUND.

SS. "ROSALIE"

Leaves Victoria Daily at 10 a.m., except Sunday.  
Arriving at Victoria Daily except Sundays at 8 a.m.

Leaves Seattle at 12:30 a.m., Daily except Sundays.  
For tickets and information call on J. K. DEVLIN, Agent, 75 Government Street.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we, the undersigned, executors of Carlo Bossi, deceased, intend to apply at the next regular sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, B.C., for a transfer to William Field of the retail liquor license now held by us for the sale of liquor by retail upon the premises known as the Oak Lane House, Pandora Street, Victoria, B.C.

Dated this 8th day of October, 1896.  
A. V. BOSSI,  
E. A. BOSSI,  
Executors of Carlo Bossi, deceased.

NOTICE.

Mr. R. F. Atherton is my authorized collector and has full power from me to settle all book debts.

Oct-13-96 ERNEST HALL.

TRANSPORTATION

Going to Chicago or Anywhere East?

If you are, see that your ticket from Minneapolis, St. Paul to Duluth reads via

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

(C. ST. P. & N. O. R. Y.)

Three (3) First-Class Trains Leave Minneapolis and St. Paul for Chicago on arrival of trains from Victoria, as follows:

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 a.m.; St. Paul 8:10 a.m. Daily. Badger State Express. Has Parlor Car to Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 8 p.m., Chicago 9:45 p.m.

Leave Minneapolis 6 p.m.; St. Paul 6:55 p.m. Except Sunday. Atlantic & Southern Express, has Wagner Buffet Sleeper and FREE Chair Car to Chicago. Arrive Chicago 8 p.m.

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 p.m.; St. Paul 8:10 p.m. Daily. Famous Northwestern Limited. Has Pullman and Wagner Private Compartment and 16 Section Sleepers and Buffet Smoking Library Coaches to Chicago. Sleeper to Milwaukee, Brockton to Dining Car before reaching Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 7:50 a.m., Chicago 9:30 a.m.

For full information, time cards, maps, etc., call on or address

T. W. TEASDALE, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul.  
W. H. MEAD, General Agent, 263 Washington Street, Portland, Ore.  
F. W. PARKER, Puget Sound Agent, Yeiler Avenue and Front Street, Seattle.

Oregon-Asiatic Steamship Line.

FOR HONOLULU, CHINA AND JAPAN.

MOUNT LEBANON, 2,900 tons dead weight, due 25th October.

F. C. DAVIDGE & COY., Agents North China Insurance Co. Ltd. (Marine), Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents, IMPORTERS OF Japanese Rice, Silk and General Merchandise. Board of Trade Building, Victoria.

GREAT HUDYAN Hudyan cures the premature condition of the body. Hudyan gives certain cases of loss of manhood. Hudyan cures nervous debility, nervous

FREE Circulars and Testimonials. HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 1100 Broadway, New York City, U.S.A.

THE FOUNTAIN OF LIFE

Dimness of vision, spots before the eyes, loss of sleep, loss of vigor, restlessness, all give way to clear sight, to strength, to health, when you use the

Circulars OF HUDYAN FREE.

THE FOUNTAIN OF LIFE

## General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS To and From All European Points

FROM MONTREAL.

Allan Line, Sardinian, Oct. 31  
Allan Line, Numidian, Nov. 7  
Demolin Line, Ottoman, Oct. 31  
Demolin Line, Labrador, Nov. 7  
Peaver Line, Lake Ontario, Oct. 28  
Beaver Line, Lake Huron, Nov. 4

FROM NEW YORK.

Canard Line, Etruria, Oct. 31  
Canard Line, Campania, Nov. 7  
American Line, Paris, Oct. 28  
American Line, St. Louis, Nov. 4  
White Star Line, Germanic, Oct. 28  
White Star Line, Teutonic, Nov. 4  
Red Star Line, Westerland, Oct. 28  
Red Star Line, Southmark, Nov. 4  
North German Lloyd, Saale, Oct. 31  
North German Lloyd, Havel, Nov. 3  
Anchor Line, Furnessia, Oct. 31  
Anchor Line, Circassia, Nov. 7  
French Line, La Gascogne, Oct. 31  
French Line, La Bretagne, Nov. 7

For rates, berths, tickets, and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Cor. Fort and Govt. Sts., Victoria, General S.S. Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The only transcontinental route operating its own elegantly fitted sleeping and tourist cars to

Boston, Montreal, Toronto, St. Paul, Minneapolis

WITHOUT CHANGE.

The shortest and cheapest route to the

Cariboo and Kootenay Gold Fields.

For rates, sleeping accommodation and all information regarding your trip, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED.)

Time Table No. 27, Taking Effect June 21st, 1896.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 2 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 12:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass and Moreby Island Thursday morning at 7 o'clock.

STEAMSHIPS OF THIS COMPANY WILL LEAVE FOR Port Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock, when sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLTON, JNO. IRVING, General Agent, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 26. To Take Effect at 5:00 a.m. on Saturday March 21st, 1896.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH.

Daily Daily and Sunday

Le. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington, 8:00 a.m. P. M.

Ar. Nanaimo, 11:30 a.m. 7:25 p.m.

Ar. Wellington, 12:00 p.m. 7:45 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

Daily Daily and Sunday

Le. Wellington for Victoria, 8:20 a.m. P. M.

Le. Nanaimo for Victoria, 8:30 a.m. 4:33 p.m.

Ar. Victoria, 12:30 p.m. 8:00 p.m.

For rates and information apply at the Company's offices.

A. DUNMUIR, President, J. PRIOR, Gen. Supt.

Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

ST. JOAN.

L. P. LOCKER, Master.

Sails as follows calling at way ports as freight and passengers may order.

Le. Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a.m.

Le. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.

Le. Comox for Nanaimo, Friday 8 a.m.

Le. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or storehouse apply on board, or at the company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store Street.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co'y.

The magnificent steamer Umatilla, City of Puebla and Walla ply between Victoria, B.C. and SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT, carrying Her Majesty's mails.

Leave Victoria, B.C., Due San Francisco for San Francisco 8 p.m.



Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

## ABSOLUTELY PURE

### THE TALYARD CASE

### SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Further Evidence Submitted To-Day Before Magistrate Macrae in the Police Court.

Samuel Shepherd, a Member of the Company Talyard Formed, Gives Evidence.

James Talyard, charged with obtaining money under false pretences, came up before the police-magistrate this morning. Mr. Coates was recalled, as he wished to correct a statement he made in his previous evidence. He said it was not in January or February, '95, but in December, 1894, that he first met the accused.

Samuel Shepherd was next called. He said he had known the accused since 1890. His interest in the Anderson Hydraulic claim was a one-sixth interest, which was pressed upon him by Talyard, the latter stating that he could never repay the kindness he showed to him during his sickness. On March 4th, 1895, he was at the meeting held at Mr. Coates' house. There were ten present, defendant, A. Watson, T. Watson, T. Wise, J. A. Coates, John Cawley, himself and three others. The first thing done at the meeting was the reading of the prospectus, which was read by Anthony Watson. Accused commented on the different items of it and said that they were true. He said he had prospectured the property, and the result showed from 40 to 75 cents per yard. He said that there were 80 acres in the claim, 45 acres being paid for. Accused also told his plan of operation respecting the working of the claim. Witness proposed at the meeting that Talyard be manager. This was carried and he was made secretary. Money was paid in at the meeting by several, Coates paying \$700, which Watson received and counted, then after announcing the amount, he handed it to Talyard, who put it in his pocketbook. Coates said he would pay the balance of \$300 as soon as possible. The receipt had already been signed in anticipation of the full payment, and witness wrote an acknowledgment on it for the amount received. Accused told him in April that a party had come up to the claim and had returned because there was too much snow and Talyard had taken sick. They only went, accused said, as far as Lillooet. The time the witness saw Talyard was on May last. It was about the middle of that month that accused disappeared. The prospectus was in Watson's handwriting, and it was prepared previous to the meeting of March 4th. The party who went up with defendant consisted of A. Watson, T. Watson, T. Wise and J. Coates. In 1894, accused told him that he had located a claim on Anderson lake in his own name, and A. Watson's name. He previously, in either 1891 or 1892, had told witness that he would give him a half interest in all his mining claims. He had kept a miner's license, witness said, from 1892 to October, 1895. It was in the summer of 1894 that accused told him he had located the Anderson lake claim.

Wm. Carse was then called, and after being sworn, he said he was not present when accused and Mr. Coates were introduced. It was in December, 1894, that he first saw them together. They were then at his house, and their conversation was about the Anderson lake hydraulic mine. Mr. Coates was questioning accused, who said that there was a good bedrock to the claim. The ravine on the claim, Talyard said, was much richer than the rest of the property. At the meeting at his house, he said, there were about eight people present. The prospectus was read by A. Watson, who referred to Talyard, who looked over it and said it was all right and the company had a good thing. He corroborated the evidence of the previous witnesses regarding the Anderson lake claim. Talyard was staying at his house at the time of the meeting. On his return from Lillooet, witness saw the accused, who told him that he had been taken sick and did not get up to the claim. About six weeks after he left Victoria for Vancouver, witness did not know of his whereabouts since then. Talyard told him when he was going to Vancouver that he was going to look after the pipe for the claim, which had been ordered. Defendant wrote to Watson while he was in Vancouver. He did not see him again after he went away until he was arrested.

Further evidence corroborating that given previously was given this afternoon and Magistrate Macrae reserved his decision until to-morrow morning at 10.30 o'clock.

### LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The full court met to-day with Justices McCraith, Walken and Drake on the bench. The first case heard was plaintiff's motion in Gething vs. Atkins for an order to dismiss the defendant's notice of appeal on the ground that appeal had not been set down nor prosecuted. Defendant put in an affidavit showing that he had not been able to get a copy of the evidence taken at the trial by Judge Spinks. The court ordered McCraith, J., dissenting, the appeal dismissed. E. P. Davis, Q. C., for the motion, and Charles Wilson, Q. C., contra.

The appeal in Cranston vs. Bird is now being argued before Justices McCraith, Walken and Drake. Mr. Charles Wilson for the appellants and Mr. E. P. Davis, Q. C., for respondents. In chambers this morning before Mr. Justice Drake, in the case of Johnson vs. Johnson, an application was made for judgment under order 14. The defendant was allowed to defend. Mr. J. A. Alkman for plaintiff and George E. Powell, contra.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

The race meet at the Driving Park was concluded on Saturday under most favorable circumstances, a large number of spectators being present and the weather being all that could be desired. A large and fashionable crowd tended to make the second day's sport even more successful than the previous one. The standard time, however, was very bad.

The first race, five-eighths of a mile, for a purse of \$100, brought out the best of the local horses. The winner was W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The second race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The third race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The fourth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The fifth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The sixth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The seventh race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The eighth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The ninth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The tenth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The eleventh race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The twelfth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The thirteenth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The fourteenth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The fifteenth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The sixteenth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The seventeenth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The eighteenth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The nineteenth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The twentieth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The twenty-first race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The twenty-second race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The twenty-third race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The twenty-fourth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The twenty-fifth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The twenty-sixth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The twenty-seventh race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The twenty-eighth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The twenty-ninth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The thirtieth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The thirty-first race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

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The fortieth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The forty-first race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The forty-second race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The forty-third race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The forty-fourth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The forty-fifth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The forty-sixth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The forty-seventh race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The forty-eighth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The forty-ninth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

The fiftieth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The fifty-first race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

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The sixtieth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The sixty-first race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

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The seventieth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The seventy-first race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

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The eightieth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The eighty-first race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

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The ninetieth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The ninety-first race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

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The hundredth race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave. The hundred-first race, three-quarters of a mile, for a purse of \$100, was won by W. A. Robinson's b. g. Honest Dave.

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